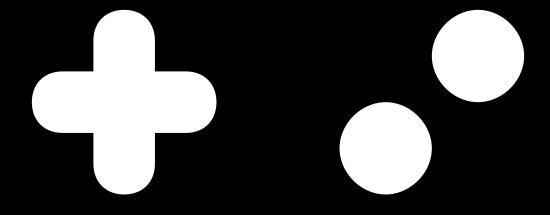




THE VIDEO GAME HISTORY FOUNDATION

Taxonomy of Video Game Development Artifacts



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Introduction

The term 'artifact' is commonly used by game developers and other individuals working in video game production settings, so as to adequately describe the diverse nature of these information objects while simultaneously legitimizing them as objects worthy of preservation and study; based upon literary warrant and a desire to further legitimize these artifacts, we have intentionally chosen to refer to the information objects created and used by game developers as 'artifacts.' Based on the interviews and examination of collections of game development artifacts, we have identified the following types of artifacts, organized into three main categories.

We propose that artifacts are classified at a high level based upon the aspect of game development which they directly relate to. Artifacts which are created and used during the development of a particular game shall be classified under Development, and further classified among the seven listed subfields. Artifacts which are created and used in the organizational context within which games are developed shall be classified under Organization-Related Materials. Artifacts which are created and used while promoting and advertising a completed game shall be classified under Marketing, and further classified among the four listed subfields.

- 1. Development
 - 1.1 Design (Overall)
 - 1.2 Engineering
 - 1.3 Quality Assurance and Control 1.4 Art
 - 1.5 Audio
 - 1.6 Writing
 - 1.7 Production
- 2. Organization-Related Materials
- 3. Marketing
 - 3.1 Marketing (Overall)
 - 3.2 Advertising Materials
 - 3.3 Public Relations
 - 3.4 Promotional Materials

This controlled vocabulary is to be used to classify and describe officially-sanctioned artifacts created at some point during the production and distribution of video games. When considering how to describe artifacts created by fans or other creators which are unaffiliated with the official entity creating a game, please refer to our Best Practices Framework.

1. Development

We also propose that the industry tends to perceive several aspects of design:

- 1. Design (Overall)
- 2. Engineering
- 3. Quality Assurance and Control
- 4. Art
- 5. Audio
- 6. Writing
- 7. Production

1.1 Design (Overall)

Documents which serve as overall guides for the development of digital games. These are not specifically tied to the development of any given element, but offering vision for the entire project.

Brainstorming Document

SN: Usually informal notes or records regarding the early design thinking for a game.

Concept Document

SN: This document is an overview which explains a game concept that may be related to the main plot, characters, genre, or gameplay, and may include game art. Sometimes people use the term GDD to refer to concept documents.

Game Bible

RT: Game Design Document; Story Bible

SN: A complete (or mostly complete) collection of information about a game's concept, development, and process. This includes concept work such as art, story, narratives, music, code, gameplay, and development. It is a detailed outline to support the construction of the game. A game bible often contains ancillary information about the game world used to make design choices, but which may not appear in-game. In some cases, people do use the term Game Design Document (GDD) to refer to a game bible.

Game Design Document

USE FOR: Master Design Document

RT: Game Bible

SN: This is a *living document* intended to present the game design elements for the purpose of communicating ideas to the development team. Ideally, it is continuously updated to represent the intended final game state although this may not happen due to the nature of the game design environment. The format and maintenance of a game design document are dependent on organizational cultures within the originating company and the individuals working within a particular creative team.

Research Materials

RT: Brainstorming Document

SN: Notes and reference materials of any media type intended to inform game design.

Consumer Research Materials

USE FOR: Audience Research Materials

SN: Materials related to gathering information on a game's intended audience

Reference Materials

SN: Part of research materials that serve a specific purpose of referencing, often in the context of art. For example, photos of buildings in Washington DC may be used as research materials to better understand the setting; some of those photos would become reference materials when they are selected and passed to artists as references for game art (e.g., animation guidelines, animation reference materials, art reference materials).

1.2 Engineering

Artifacts related to the technical implementation of a game.

API Documentation

RT: Technical Design Document

SN: Reference materials for a game, game platform, or a third party software library regarding its Application Programming Interface (API), which allows other software to interact with it.

Build

USE FOR: Game Build

RT: Build Notes

SN: A compiled version of the game intended for testing or production. While the game state is generally taken from prototype to alpha to beta to release, the specific differences depend on the development environment and based on the level of playability and polish.

Alpha

SN: An early playable build to test out different elements of the game.

Beautiful Corner

RT: Vertical Slice

SN: A *build*, usually representing a milestone, which demonstrates a small but highly polished sub-section of a digital game.

Beta

RT: Consumer Research Materials

SN: A *build* of a game that is close to a finished product and may be shared with a limited number of players (playtesters) for testing and research purposes.

Gold Master

RT: Minimum Viable Product

A build intended to be copied onto a commercial medium (CD, DVD, CART, etc.) for sale to users.

Milestone Build

A build produced to satisfy internal requirements attached to a development milestone.

Release

NT: Patch

SN: A build that is deployed to users.

Minimum Viable Product (MVP)

RT: Gold Master

SN: A release that represents the smallest feature set expected to be viable on the market.

Patch

SN: A release intended to partially update a game, often to address bugs.

Vertical Slice

RT: Beautiful corner

SN: A *build*, usually representing a milestone, which demonstrates progress across all components of a digital game. (Adapted from Wikipedia)

Build Notes

RT: Build

SN: A set of notes regarding a specific *build*. Often auto-compiled from source control. Focuses on changes between prior builds and the one to which the notes are directly related, such as details of bugs fixed or features added/removed.

Code

USE FOR: Script (Code)

SN: A set of machine-readable instructions.

Source Code

SN: Code, written in a human-readable language, intended to be transformed by an assembler or compiler into an executable file, used to produce some or all of a digital game

Executive Review

SN: Documents, sometimes including a build, used for communication between development staff and upper management regarding project progress.

Prototype

RT: Brainstorming Document; Concept Document

SN: An artifact reflecting early stage of the work

Prototype (Build)

USE FOR: Proof of Concept

SN: A very early build used for testing out the core gameplay as a proof of concept.

Prototype (Paper)

USE FOR: Paper Prototype; Proof of Concept

SN: An artifact that reflects early work on a game mechanic or feature as a proof of concept.

Prototype (Technical)

USE FOR: Proof of Concept

SN: An artifact that reflects early work on game hardware.

Technical Design Document

RT: Game Design Document

USE FOR: Technical Specification

SN: Document detailing the proposed technical solution to the implementation of a digital game.

Technical Schematic

RT: Technical Design Document

SN: A technical diagram for a game that runs on dedicated hardware.

1.3 Quality Assurance and Control

A set of artifacts used by QA or QC staff to help developers fix issues in a game.

Performance Tool

RT: Benchmarking Tool

USE FOR: Telemetry

SN: A tool, commercial or custom-designed, intended to assist with controlled measurement of software performance.

Benchmarking Tool

RT: Performance Tool

SN: A tool, commercial or custom-designed, intended to test the limit of the hardware performance.

Bug Report

RT: Build Notes; Patch

SN: Demonstrates a development issue, usually contrasting expected and experienced results. Shared with designers, developers, and managers who determine a course of action.

Playtest Materials

RT: Consumer Research Materials

USE FOR: User Test

SN: Materials related to the testing process, aiming to identify problems with the digital game via gameplay and feedback (e.g., playtest notes, playtest questionnaire, playtest comments).

1.4 Art

SN: Artifacts related to the visual design of a digital game. Can include UI, character, environmental, animation, and brand/marketing elements, as well as typeface selection or design.

Animatic

RT: Ripomatic; Storyboard

SN: Animated versions of storyboards to capture data that cannot be conveyed as well in storyboards (animation, flow, changes).

Art Asset

USE FOR: Graphic; Illustration; In-game Art Asset

SN: Any artwork used in a released version of the video game, such as 3D models or 2D artwork (e.g., mesh, model, render, sprite, texture, wireframe).

Art Bible

RT: Game Bible

USE FOR: Visual Style Guide

SN: A reference guide that contains details regarding the game's appearance. Often authored by an art director to help artists maintain consistency. Can include concept art, sketches, photographs, completed assets, and reference materials. Generally intended to be a complete reference to the look and feel of a video game.

Art Notes

SN: Notes regarding specific assets, art pieces, or scenes within a game, intended to provide context for artwork, animation, or other visual concepts.

Concept Art

RT: Concept Document USE FOR: Concept Work

SN: Sketches or completed artworks, often with notes, intended to provide visual concepts for levels, characters, or other game elements (e.g., drawing, scan, sketch, illustration, graphic).

Industrial Design Materials

SN: Materials related to the industrial production of games, often used in reference to coin-op game boxes.

Logo

RT: Representative Art

USE FOR: Emblem; Logotype

SN: A symbol or other design intended to represent a video game company or its products.

Representative Art

RT: Logo

USE FOR: Box Art; Key Art; Packaging Art; Packshot; Promotional Art

SN: The officially released images prominently featured in a physical or digital distribution package of the video game (including all sides of the package) (e.g., jacket, jewel case, poster).

Ripomatic

RT: Animatic; Storyboard

SN: Clips of existing media (e.g., games or movies) that capture a feel for the game without directly referencing any of the game's assets.

Screenshot

USE FOR: Bullshot; Screen Capture

SN: A visual capture of the screen in game.

Storyboard

RT: Animatic; Ripomatic

SN: A graphic organization in a sequence used for planning scenes.

Typography Document

USE FOR: Font; Typeface

SN: A document describing the style, appearance, and organization of typefaces.

1.5 Audio

Audio Asset

USE FOR: Audio Effect; Audio File; Audio Sample; Digital Record; Discourse;

Environmental Audio; Sound Effect; Submix

SN: All audio assets that make up the discourse or sound effects in the game.

Dialogue

USE FOR: **Conversation; Discourse; Voiceover** SN: Audio of extended discourse in a video game.

Composition

USE FOR: Audio Track; Game Soundtrack; Music; Original Soundtrack;

Recording; Soundtrack

SN: An original piece of music in which long or extended audio is used, often in the back ground to add to the mood of the game (e.g., song, background music).

Score

RT: Composition

USE FOR: Sheet Music

SN: A written form of a musical composition.

Voice Acting Artifact

USE FOR: Audition; Casting Call; Session Tape; Voice Test

RT: Dialogue; Script (Narrative)

SN: Information related to voice performers and performances (e.g. name of voice actors/actresses, audio samples, takes, etc.)

1.6 Writing

Linguistic Style Guide

RT: Reference Materials

SN: A guide that contains details of textual/linguistic structure, including dialect, slang, etc. Developed as a reference for script authors.

Localization Document

SN: Document providing information regarding the translation of a digital game from a source language into one or more additional languages.

Narrative Design Document

USE FOR: Narrative Activity Flow; Narrative Structure Document; Story Bible SN: A flow chart, diagram, or text description representing the progression of dialog, story elements, or plot.

Setting Documentation

USE FOR: **Point of Interest Information**; **Lore Documentation** SN: Information about the world or environment of a game.

Script (Narrative)

RT: Voice Acting Artifact

SN: Not to be confused with script (code). As in cinema or radio, but for a digital game. Text that

could be used for the recording of voice actors/actresses, or for on-screen written text. May be single lines, an entire digital game, or anything in between.

Story Bible

RT: Game Bible

NT: Narrative Design Document

SN: A complete (or mostly complete) collection of information about a game's narrative. This includes work such as backstories, character treatments, and other elements that creative writer(s) can generate which will be referenced in te narrative design document.

1.7 Production

SN: Artifacts related to the logistical management of game development processes.

Asset Archive

USE FOR: Inventory (of a specific resource type such as Art, Code, etc.)

SN: List of all of the resources of one type required to complete a game design, often with production tracking information included. May apply to art, code, narrative, audio, or other resource types. Active/in progress versions are often referred to as an "inventory" and/or a "list."

Budget (Game)

RT: Budget (Organization)

SN: An estimate of income, expenditure, and/or amount of resources to be used for a particular purpose in developing games. May include information on many types of resources: employee labor, marketing, etc.

Burndown Chart (Agile)

RT: Burndown Chart (Finance); Schedule

SN: Shows the actual amount of work completed, usually contrasted with the original schedule of work.

Focus Group Materials

RT: Consumer Research Materials

SN: Documents or records regarding the use of focus groups to discuss game features, including the planning documents and notes from focus group sessions.

Pitch Document

USE FOR: Proposal Document

SN: The goal of this document is to convince stakeholders to support the development of the game in some way. It may include some basic concepts of the game (e.g., plot, characters, genre, game-play), information about its potential audience, market analysis and budget, and engineering detail.

Postmortem

SN: Records of a post-milestone, post-launch, or post-cancellation review of the game creation process, including insights on what went wrong and right.

Schedule

RT: **Burndown Chart (Agile)**USE FOR: **Backlog; Roadmap**

SN: Information regarding deadlines and milestones for a project.

2. Organization-Related Artifacts

These documents are commonly in archives and potentially important to understanding game development context by offering information about the parent organization.

Board of Directors Materials

SN: Materials related to the membership and performance of the organization's board of directors.

Business Plan

RT: Company Culture Document

SN: Documents detailing a company's strategic goals and the tactics intended to achieve them.

Communication Documentation

Documentary traces of communication among game developers, game development organizations, cultural heritage institutions, and other entities.

Communication App Archive

SN: A log or other archive of the communication hosted by an application that facilitates communication at the organization, such as Slack or Discord.

Correspondence (External)

SN: Communication between two or more individuals, at least one of which is not inside the organization.

Correspondence (Internal)

SN: Communication between two or more individuals, all of which are inside the organization.

Company Culture Document

SN: Reflects and showcases the personality of the company including its mission and core values, goals, and work environment. (e.g., mission statement, newsletter, annual report).

Company Ephemera

SN: Organization-related items generated for short-term usefulness (e.g., business cards, holiday cards)

Financial Documents

No existing overall definition in current draft.

Budget (Organization)

RT: Budget (Game)

SN: An estimate of income, expenditure, and/or amount of resources to be used for a particular purpose.

Burndown Chart (Finance)

RT: Budget (Game); Burndown Chart (Agile)

SN: Shows the actual expenditure of budgeted resources, usually contrasted with the original budget.

Profit and Loss Statement

SN: A financial report covering income and expenses for a set period of time.

Receipt

RT: Contract

SN: A document acknowledging the exchange of goods or money.

Royalty Statement

SN: A report intended for royalty rights holders regarding money owed to them for use of their work or intellectual property.

Sales Data

USE FOR: Sales Report

SN: Information pertaining to income from a digital game.

Shareholder Report

SN: A report produced by a publicly held company intended to summarize business activity for a given financial year, intended for use by current and future investors as well as government regulators.

Stock Certificate

RT: IPO document

SN: A document acknowledging ownership of one or more shares of the stock of a corporation.

Human Resources Materials

USE FOR: Recruiting Materials

SN: Materials that are used for recruiting, hiring, and on-boarding new employees (e.g., job listing, resumes, organization chart, performance reviews, salary structures).

IPO Document

RT: Shareholder Report; Stock Certificate

SN: A document related to the initial public offering of a corporation.

Keepsake

RT: Company Ephemera

An artifact representing a memorable event or achievement for the organization (e.g., clippings, awards, memento).

Legal Documents

No existing overall definition in current draft.

Cease & Desist

SN: An order directing someone to stop engaging in a particular activity (derived from Oxford dictionary).

Contract

SN: A binding agreement between two or more persons or parties, intended to be legally enforceable (e.g., employment contract, marketing agreement, non-disclosure agreement).

Copyright Document

SN: Regards the application for a copyright or the granting of one.

Due Diligence Document

SN: Documents tracking the organization's adherence to contractual or legal obligations.

Patent Document

SN: Regards the application for a patent or the granting of one.

Statement of Work

RT: Contract, Receipt

SN: Documents detailing work to be performed by a third party, often as part of a contract.

Trademark Document

SN: Regards the application for a trademark or the granting of one.

Third-Party Software Report (TPS Report)

SN: A progress or status report from a third party.

Operational Materials

SN: Artifacts generated during the regular day-to-day operations within the company (e.g., meeting notes, presentation slides).

3. Marketing

Materials related to the selling of a game through earned, paid, and owned media.

3.1 Marketing (overall)

Community Management Plan

SN: Internal planning documents related to community management efforts.

Convention Materials

USE FOR: Conference Materials

RT: Lecture

SN: Materials related to a trade or consumer show at which the game was represented in some fashion. May include materials used during the show (parts of a company booth or promotional "swag") or records of the event (photographs, videos, receipts, notes).

Customer Service Document

SN: Artifacts related to official company interaction with the public, including information to be shared, policies regarding interaction, and records of interaction (e.g., guidelines for interacting with players, fan mail).

Derivative Media

SN: Licensed media goods related to the game's intellectual property.

Lecture

USE FOR: Talk; Panel

SN: A record (text, audio, or video) of a public appearance of one or more people related to a digital game, often from a conference, convention, or consumer show.

Marketing Plan

RT: Marketing Road Map; Social Media Plan

USE FOR: PR Plan; Advertising Plan

SN: Documents coordinating or organizing marketing activities.

Merchandise

USE FOR: Licensed Product; Merch

SN: Physical goods related to the game's intellectual property. Could be given away free (as a promotion) or offered for sale.

Feelie

SN: A physical item intended to make the game feel more "real" to players (e.g., the cloth map in *Ultima 2*). Some function as copy protection, wherein players need the specific physical object to play the game.

Promotional Materials

USE FOR: Contest; Giveaway; Swag; Sweepstakes

SN: Documents and artifacts related to promoting games, game companies, or game related events.

Retail Support Materials

USE FOR: Point of Purchase; Retail Display

SN: Materials provided (free or paid) to retailers to support sales, intended to be used for in-store promotion. Common types include posters, standees, and retailer guidelines.

Screenshot

USE FOR: Bullshot

SN: Images captured from a game during play (sometimes faked: "bullshot").

Social Media Archive

RT: Social Media Plan

SN: A log or other archive of the interactions from a social media platform, such as Facebook or Twitter

Social Media Plan

RT: Social Media Archive

SN: Internal planning documents related to marketing efforts through social media platforms, such as Facebook or Twitter.

Strategy Guide

USE FOR: Walkthrough

SN: Documents that are intended to help players progress through the game by explaining the necessary actions and other gameplay relevant information (e.g., tips, tricks, cheats, FAQs).

Teacher's Guide

SN: Materials distributed to educators to facilitate the use in classrooms or with learners.

Trailer

SN: An edited selection of scenes that advertise a digital game.

3.2 Advertising Materials

USE FOR: Advertisement

SN: Documents and artifacts related to public marketing of games, game-related products, or services in any medium.

Creative Brief

SN: Document created by the game producer for the sake of their advertising department or third-party agency, intended to help with the production of advertising and marketing materials.

Game Catalog

USE FOR: Price List

SN: A list of games published (or intended to be published) by the organization.

Key Art

RT: Packaging

SN: Art used for the marketing and promotion of a video game (e.g., poster).

Merchandise

USE FOR: Licensed Product; Merch

SN: Physical goods related to the game's intellectual property. Could be given away free (as a promotion) or offered for sale.

Packaging

RT: Key Art

SN: The box and other materials accompanying a game when packed for physical distribution.

Promotional Materials

USE FOR: Contest; Giveaway; Swag; Sweepstakes

RT: Retail Support Materials

SN: Documents and artifacts related to promoting games, game companies, or game related events such as a public contest or sweepstakes.

Retail Support Materials

USE FOR: Point of Purchase; Retail Display

RT: Promotional Materials

SN: Materials provided (free or paid) to retailers to support sales, intended to be used for in-store promotion. Common types include posters, standees, and retailer guidelines.

3.3 Public Relations

SN: Materials specifically given to press for promoting the game.

Biography

SN: A profile of a person associated with the game or parent company. May include photos.

Company Profile

SN: A document that provides information related to the company -- such as company size, financial information, and company history, rather than the game itself. Almost always supplemental materials

sent alongside other press documents.

Fact Sheet

SN: A press document that gives bullet point specifics about a specific product or announcement. Usually literally titled "Fact Sheet".

Interview

SN: A record (text, audio, or video) of a discussion with one or more people related to a digital game, often hosted by internal marketing staff or members of the press.

Membership List

SN: Records of an official mailing list, email or snail mail, with recipient names and addresses.

Press Materials

USE FOR: Article; Clipping; Press Clipping; Press Coverage; Press Release

SN: Information provided to the media or produced by the media.

Press Kit

SN: A collection of materials intended for distribution to members of the press.

Reviewer Guidelines

SN: A document distributed to game reviewers to help them understand the game and write reviews.