

Equation of an ellipses:

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

center: (h, k)
 $a \rightleftarrows$ $b \updownarrow$ = vertices
 foci: $c^2 = a^2 - b^2$

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④ $9x^2 + 4y^2 - 18x + 16y = 11$

$$9x^2 - 18x + 4y^2 + 16y = 11$$

$$9(x^2 - 2x + 1) + 4(y^2 + 4y + 4) = 11 + 9 + 16$$

$$9(x-1)^2 + 4(y+2)^2 = 36$$

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{4} + \frac{(y+2)^2}{9} = 1$$

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⑤ $4y^2 - 8y + 9x^2 - 54x + 49 = 0$

$$9x^2 - 54x + 4y^2 - 8y = -49$$

$$9(x^2 - 6x + 9) + 4(y^2 - 2y + 1) = -49 + 81 + 4$$

$$\frac{9(x-3)^2}{36} + \frac{4(y-1)^2}{36} = \frac{36}{36}$$

$$\frac{(x-3)^2}{4} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{9} = 1$$

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① center $(0, 0)$
 $a = 8$, $b = 6$ $\frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$

② foci $(-2, 0)$ & $(2, 0)$
 $c^2 = a^2 - b^2$
 $4 = 49 - 45$
 $2 = b$

$$\frac{x^2}{49} + \frac{y^2}{45} = 1$$

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① $\frac{(x-4)^2}{121} + \frac{(y+5)^2}{64} = 1$

center: $(4, -5)$
 $a = 11$ $b = 8$

vertices:
 $(15, -5)$ $(-7, -5)$
 $(4, 3)$ $(4, -13)$

foci: $c^2 = 121 - 64$
 $c^2 = 57$
 $c = \sqrt{57} = 7.5$

$(4 \pm \sqrt{57}, -5)$
 or
 $(4 \mp \sqrt{57}, -5)$

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