

# Executive Summary

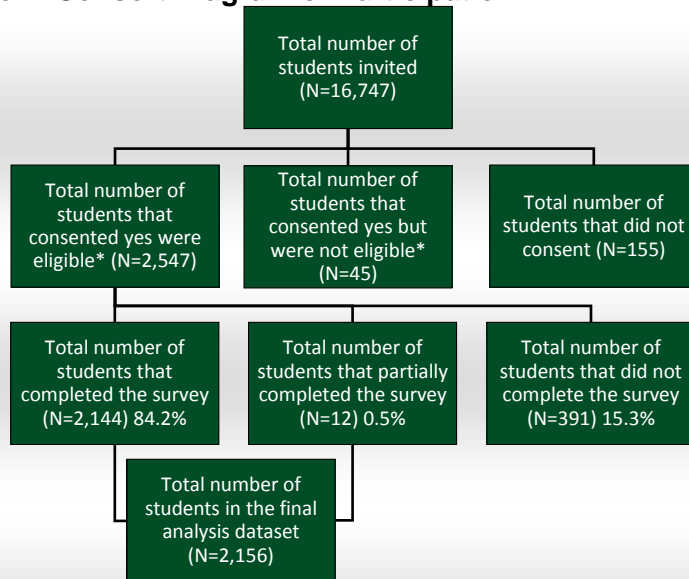
## University of Oregon

### Participation

The mcBEE survey was launched to a total of 16,747 undergraduate students at University of Oregon (UO). Students were invited to participate via email using a unique link for each student. The survey was launched on April 27, 2017 and the last reminder was sent on May 6, 2017. Among the eligible 2,547 students who responded and consented to take the survey, 85% (N=2,156) completed or partially completed the survey (Figure 1).

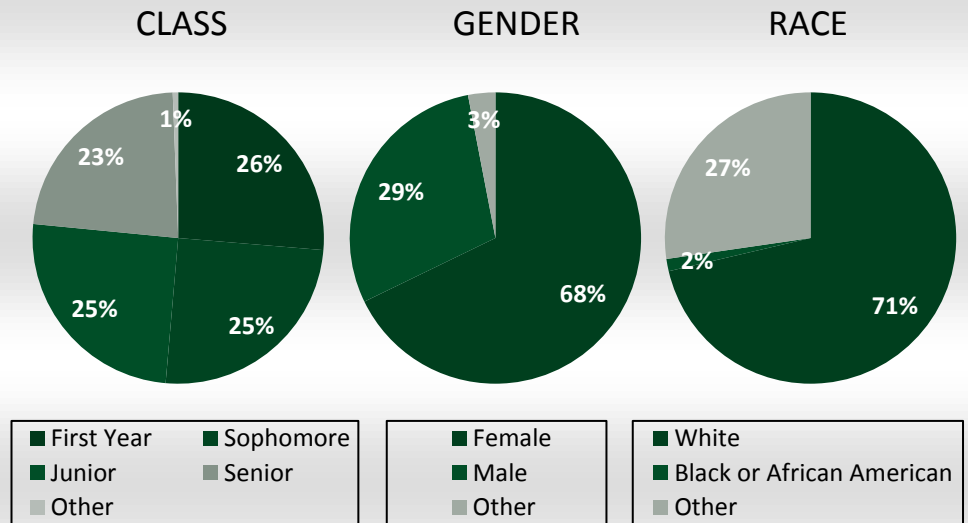
Students had the opportunity to be selected for one of thirty-four \$50 Amazon.com gift cards.

**Figure 1. Consort Diagram of Participation**



Note: \*Only undergraduate students who had on campus classes with ages between 18 and 24 were eligible.

**Figure 2. Distribution of Students by Demographics**



Students were evenly distributed across years in school with slightly more first year students participating. More participating students identified as Female (68%), White (71%), and non-Hispanic ethnicity (90%) (Figure 2).



UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

## Bystander Training Exposure

Students were provided a list of potential bystander training programs and were asked to indicate whether they had heard of each program. Students who heard of the program were further asked if they had taken the training (once, multiple times, and/or within the year) and how helpful it was.

Of the students who completed the survey, 15% reported receiving no bystander training. As bystander training options were “Choose All That Apply,” students were able to report receiving combinations of programs. The majority of students (68%) reported receiving multiple training programs.

Awareness (Heard of It), receipt (Received It), and helpfulness (Helpful) of any university specific training and primary bystander programs are listed in Table 2.

## Sexual Violence and Dating Violence Experiences

*Academic Year 2016-17*

For this academic year, reported rates of perpetration involving physically forced sex, sex when the person was unable to consent, and harm or threats of harm to an intimate or dating partner were low (<1%). These rates were also low for those experiencing violence (forced sex: 3%; unable to consent: 4%; harm or threats of harm by an intimate or dating partner: 8%).

### *Ever Experienced*

For seniors, 8% indicated having ever experienced physically forced sex and 12% reported sex while unable to consent. Compared to males, females reported higher rates of experiencing sex while unable to consent (F: 9% vs M: 2%) and physically forced sex (F: 8% vs M: 2%). Among the 65 (3%) students who identified as sexual minority or did not provide a gender 11% had experienced physically forced sex.

## Acknowledgements

Research was supported by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Cooperative Agreement U01CE002668 and in collaboration with the University of Kentucky.

Report created by Heather Bush, Ann Coker, Candace Brancato, Zhengyan Huang and Raiffa Syamil.

**Table 2. Receipt and Helpfulness of Primary Bystander Programs**

Program	Heard of It*	Received It	Helpful
University Specific	1706 (79%)	1268	648
Green Dot	72 (3%)	21	6
Haven	1161 (54%)	1011	370
It's On Us	881 (41%)	376	154
Step UP	255 (12%)	85	38
Think About It	117 (5%)	65	30
Another bystander program	40 (2%)	34	22

\*Percentages are calculated out of students who completed the survey; a total of 1,822 students reported receiving bystander trainings.

● Remember:

Bystander training to reduce sexual violence is required by the reauthorization of the VAWA of 2013 for all institutions of higher learning.

**SEXUAL VIOLENCE CAN BE PREVENTED**

