

# Solar Grazing



- PRESENTED BY -

Lexie Hain  
American Solar Grazing Association







Solar arrays need vegetation management: Excessive shading and neglect of a solar site.





“The practice of using livestock to manage vegetation under solar arrays”



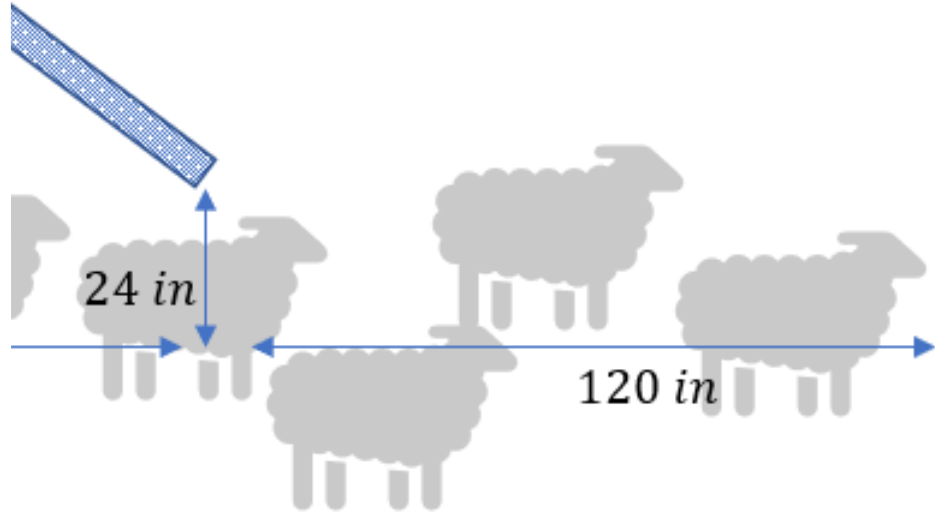


# Solar Grazing Versus Mowing, Herbicides & Weed-wacking: Vegetation Maintenance



8 90°F ( 07/31/2019 05:05PM CAMERA2





Sheep fit under the panels





**Sheep maintain the vegetation under the panels better than people do**



# Disadvantages to mechanical & chemical regimes



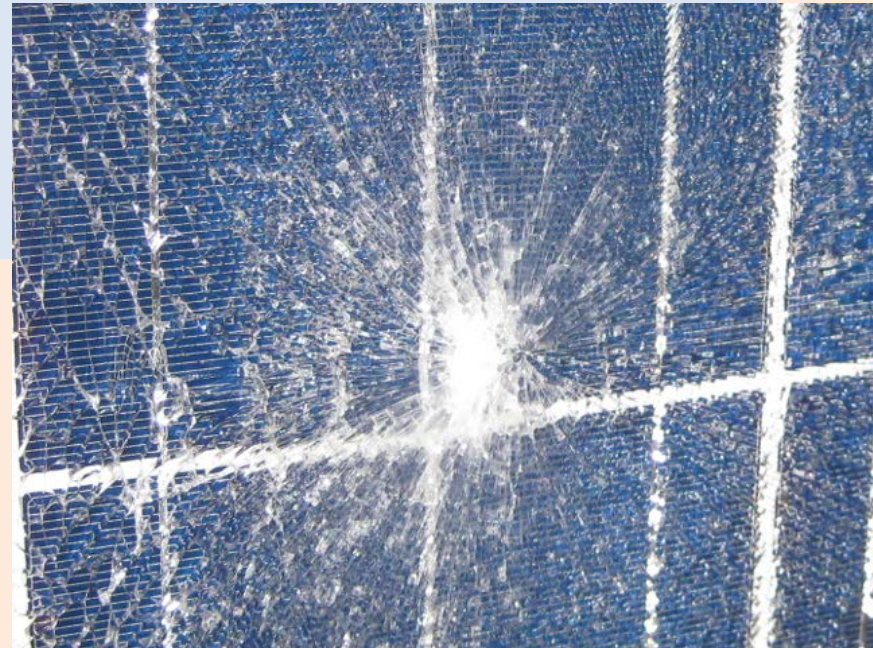
- greater herbicide use
- more time spent by employees under panels
- poor mower performance at steep sites
- erosion: more likely with heavy herbicide use and a lack of perennial plants
- turfgrass and gravel: poor compatibility with pollinator plantings
- low agricultural community value





# Using sheep eliminates or reduces:

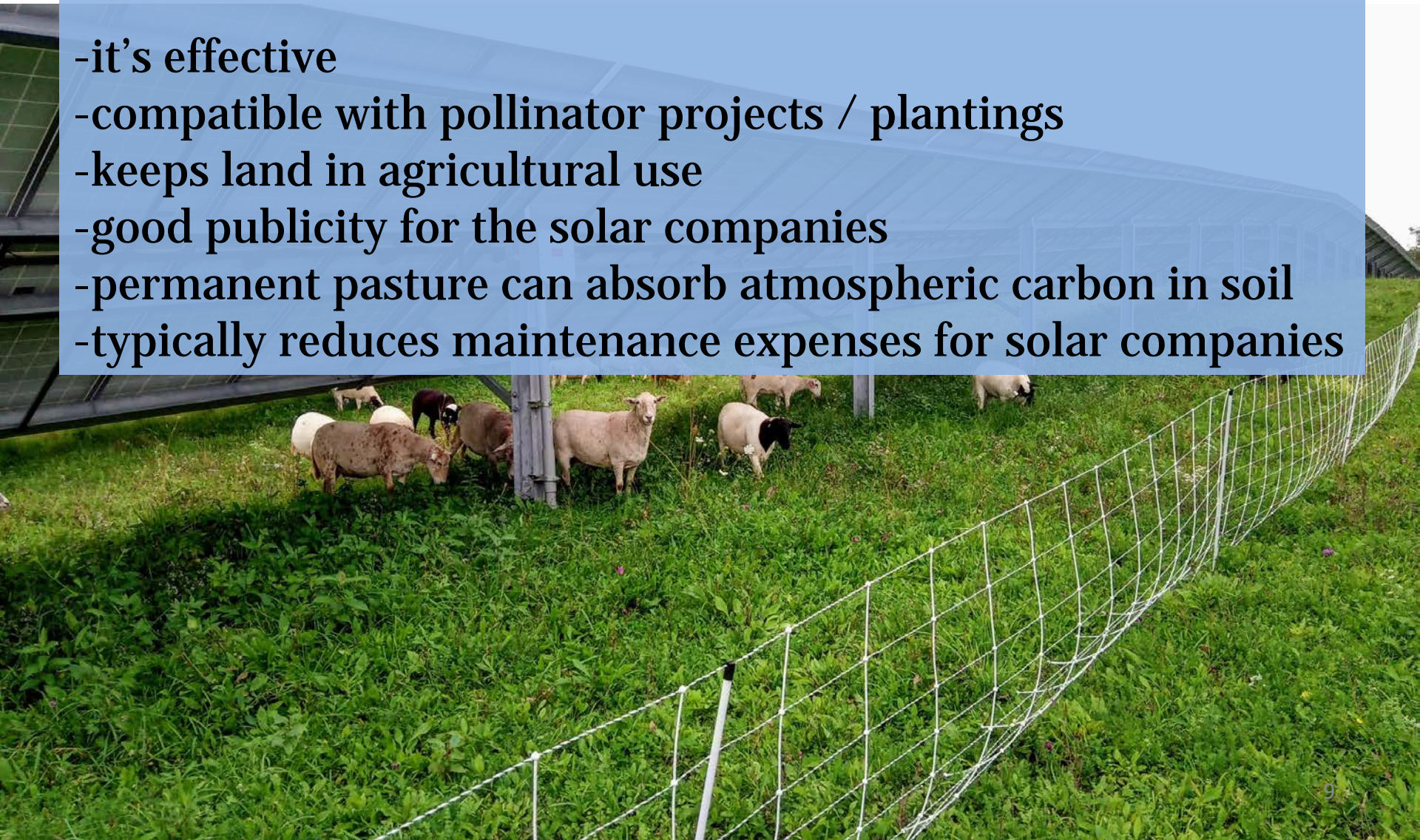
- Rocks and debris striking panels during mowing
- Injuries to landscapers working under panels
- Humans, wildlife and water exposure to herbicides
- Injuries to mechanical equipment and equipment operators
- Collisions and damage to solar infrastructure





# Advantages of using sheep to manage vegetation:

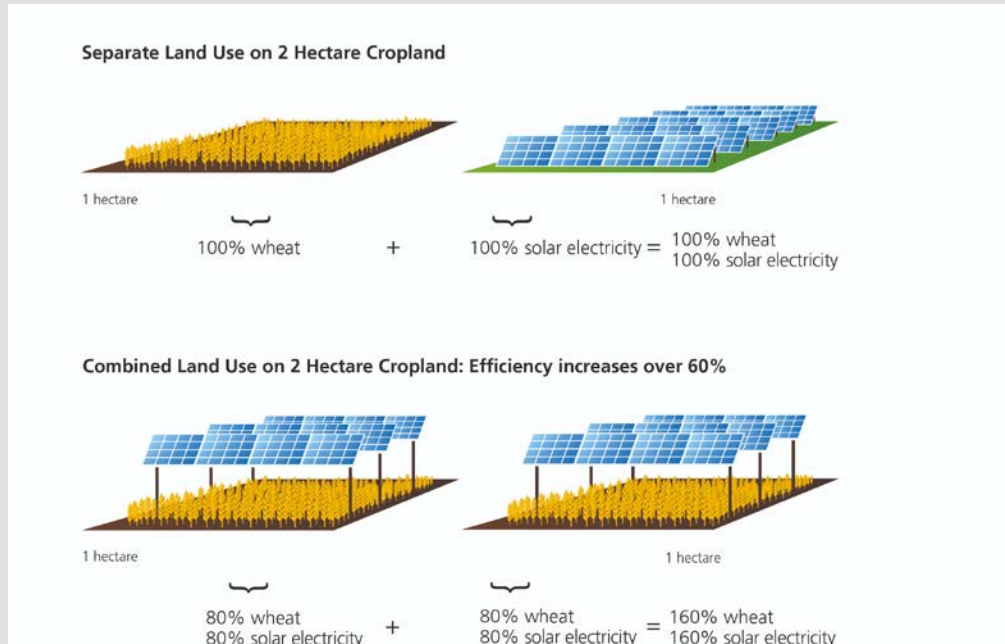
- it's effective
- compatible with pollinator projects / plantings
- keeps land in agricultural use
- good publicity for the solar companies
- permanent pasture can absorb atmospheric carbon in soil
- typically reduces maintenance expenses for solar companies



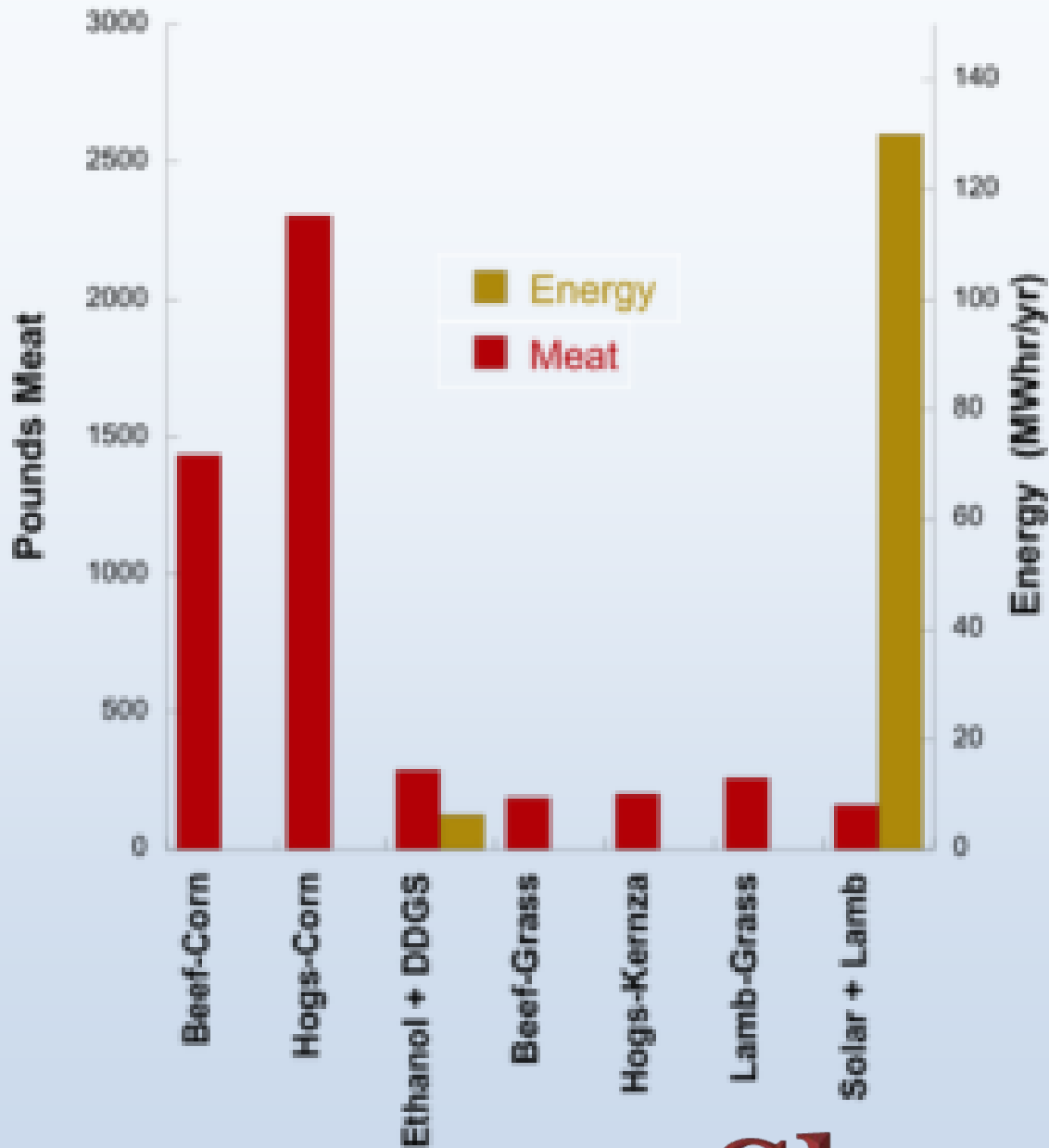


# Sheep + Solar

- dual use
- co-location
- agrivoltaic







An acre of solar panels can provide 20 times the energy produced from an acre of corn grown for ethanol, plus pollinator habitat, and nearly as much meat. Three million acres of cropland in Minnesota are used for ethanol and byproducts.

<https://scwrs.wordpress.com/2019/06/26/butterflies-blue-greens-kilowatts-and-calories/>

# Sheep + solar<sup>1</sup>



# Introducing...







- 5 years experience
- 100% woman owned
- Southern New Jersey based
- Grazing with 2 firms on 3 + sites annually
- Fixed ground mount & single axis trackers
- Katadhin sheep
- Registered Katadhins
- Direct market 100% lambs
- <http://www.solarsheepllc.com/>













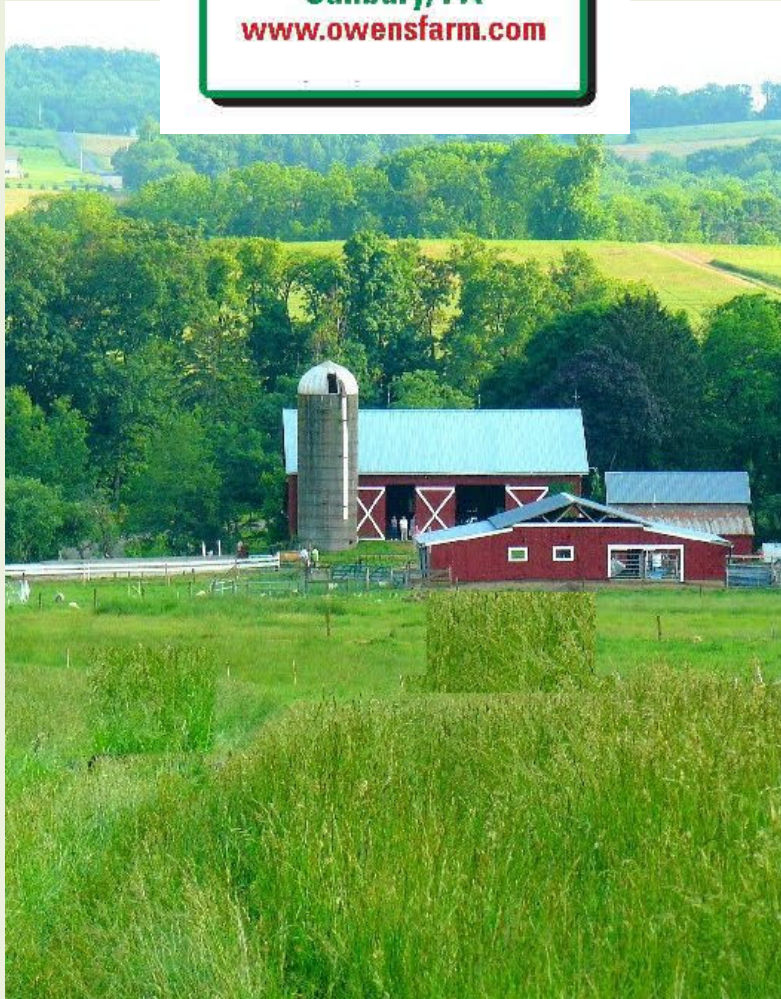






## Owens Farm

- one solar array grazed
- 14 acres, 1 year
- At Susquehanna University
- lambing classes
- integrated solar grazing with diverse farming operation















**OWENS FARM**

Grass-Fed Meats & More

Sunbury, PA

[www.owensfarm.com](http://www.owensfarm.com)









Family farm in Central NY

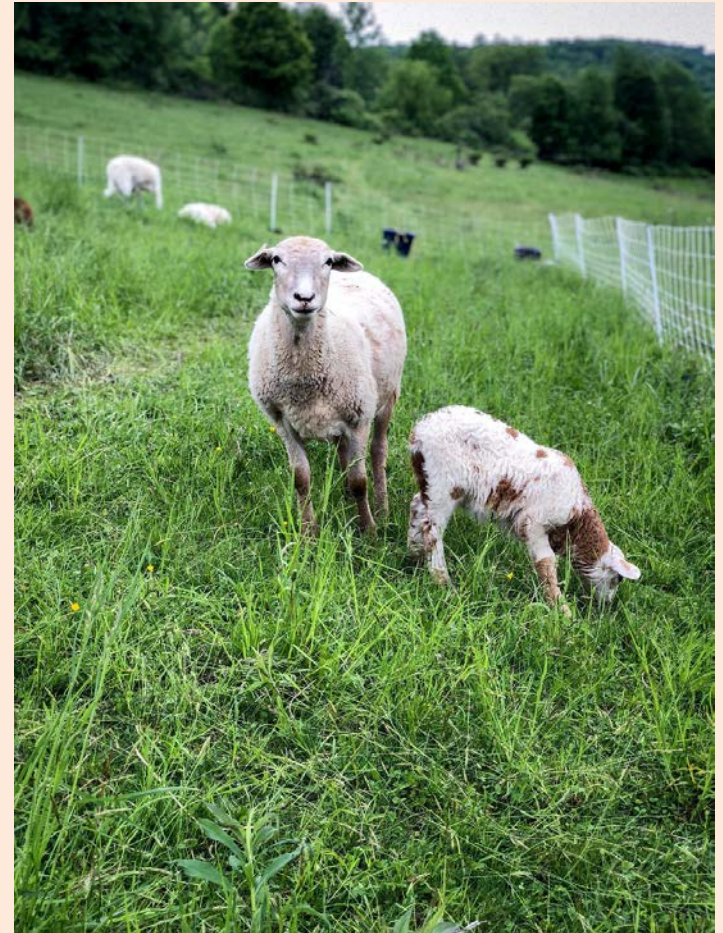
- solar grazing 3 years

- base flock 300 Katadhins +

- selling lambs, rams

- Agrivoltaic Solutions partner

- [www.foxfarmsgrassfed.com](http://www.foxfarmsgrassfed.com)





- New York State based
- farmer owned & operated
- work with partner shepherds to expand territory
- grazes community solar projects
- at the core of my farm enterprise





# American Solar Grazing Association

Not-for-Profit Trade association

ASGA's goal is to promote solar grazing through education & research

- founded in 2018
- farmer led initiative
- resources for sheep + solar



FUZZ & BUZZ

Solar site tours: grazed arrays



[www.solargrazing.org](http://www.solargrazing.org)

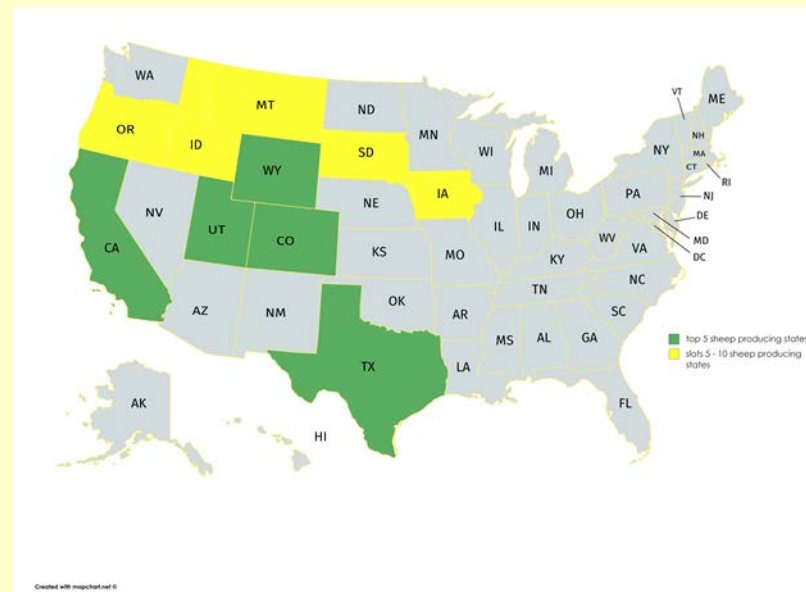




<https://pv-magazine-usa.com/2020/01/22/tinder-except-for-solar-and-sheep/>

**A new resource to connect farmers & solar developers:**

## **SOLAR + SHEEP MAPPING (AND MATCHING) TOOL**





**Hudson Valley Solar Farm Model: Public version**
**Instructions:** be sure to fill in your farm's yellow highlighted areas with the relevant data first. Then you can manipulate the pink columns to true

Fenced project area			150	Solar Lease income per acre	750
# of sheep per acre			3.5	Maintenance contract per acre	450
# of sheep, total			525		
Average auction price for lamb, 90 lbs			225	225	212
Average auction price per ewe, 100 lbs			85	90	75
Average auction price per utility ewe, 130 lbs			65	2.5	2.826666667

			YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5
birth rate				1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
lambs born			0	788	649	678	633
size of flock, after lambing			525	1313	1231	1222	1164
# of young ewes, after loss				0	149	92	109
# of mature ewes, after loss			525	517	433	452	422
loss rate for ewes				1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
% lambs to sell				80%	85%	83%	85%
loss rate for lambs				4%	4%	4%	4%
remaining lambs for sale & maturity				756	623	651	607
% culls, young ewe				4%	10%	3%	3%
% culls, older ewe				15%	25%	25%	20%
# lambs to sell				605	530	540	516
# ewe to sell, young				0	15	3	3
# ewe to sell, old				78	108	113	84
lamb income				\$136,080	\$119,238	\$121,519	\$116,175
ewe cull income				\$5,042	\$8,302	\$7,578	\$5,762
size of flock, end				591	552	539	534

INCOME			YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5
SOLAR GRAZING ENTERPRISE							
Sheep			\$0	\$141,122	\$127,540	\$129,097	\$121,936
Solar lease			\$112,500	\$112,500	\$112,500	\$112,500	\$112,500
Vegetation maintenance contract			\$67,500	\$67,500	\$67,500	\$67,500	\$67,500
TOTAL SOLAR GRAZING INCOME			\$180,000	\$321,122	\$307,540	\$309,097	\$301,936

COSTS of GOODS SOLD	Driver	Factor					
Sheep costs							
Feed			\$46,653	\$55,890	\$59,904	\$56,894	\$55,153
Supplements & Minerals	per ewe	7	\$3,675	\$3,620	\$4,073	\$3,808	\$3,716
Vet care, per lamb	per lamb	4.5	\$0	\$3,544	\$2,922	\$3,050	\$2,847
Vet care, per ewe	per ewe	1.8	\$945	\$931	\$1,047	\$979	\$955
Vet care, service	year	1000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Bedding	per ewe	8.5	\$4,463	\$4,396	\$3,680	\$3,841	\$3,586
Hauling Service	1860	3	\$5,580	\$4,889	\$4,983	\$4,983	\$4,764
Pasture seeding	15%	130	\$2,925	\$2,925	\$2,925	\$2,925	\$2,925
Pasture maintenance	30%	45	\$2,025	\$2,025	\$2,025	\$2,025	\$2,025
Lamb check-off	per head, slaughter	0.42	\$0	\$254	\$223	\$227	\$217
Total Sheep Costs			\$61,685	\$80,164	\$82,689	\$79,732	\$77,188
Solar lease & Maintenance Costs							
Shepherd	salary	45000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000	\$45,000
Payroll, field staff	1000	\$15	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000
Total Solar & Maintenance Costs			\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
TOTAL COGS			\$121,685	\$140,164	\$142,689	\$139,732	\$137,188

GROSS MARGIN			\$58,315	\$180,958	\$164,850	\$169,365	\$164,749
			32%	56%	54%	55%	55%

EXPENSES							
General & Administrative							
Marketing	% sheep sales	2%	\$0	\$2,822	\$2,551	\$2,582	\$2,439
Banking	budget	250	250	250	250	250	250
Dues	budget	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500
Travel	budget	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
Total G&A			\$2,750	\$5,572	\$5,301	\$5,332	\$5,189



# ASGA

<b>Feed cost chart:</b>
Days of Grazing
Days of Winter
Feed type:
Units for feed
Cost per Unit
<b>Per ewe:</b>
Pounds per day per ewe
Feed Cost per year per ewe
Days for grain supplement, ewes in pregnancy, pounds per ewe
Feed cost for supplement, per ewe
<b>Per Lambs:</b>
Days at weaning
Days (age) at sale
% of lambs on bottles
Days of milk replacer, pounds per day
Cost of milk replacer, per lamb on bottle
Days of creep feed, average pounds per day per lamb
Cost of creep feed per lamb
Days for early & late season supplemental feed for lambs, pounds per day
Cost for early/late season supplemental feed for lambs



# It's a business: Farmer Costs

Credit to 2019 Atkinson Center Report

Table 2. Income statement for grazing 56 sheep on 22 acres.			
Item	Total	Per acre	Per head of sheep
<i>Investment</i>	\$1,690	\$77	\$30
<i>Grazing income</i>			
Directly contracted	\$11,000	\$500	\$196
Subcontracted	\$5,500	\$250	\$98
<i>Grazing expenses</i>			
Mileage	\$2,125	\$97	\$38
Labor	\$2,084	\$95	\$37
General liability insurance	\$1,500	\$68	\$27
Directly contracted total	\$5,709	\$260	\$102
Subcontracted total	\$4,209	\$191	\$75
<i>Net</i>			
Directly contracted	\$5,291	\$241	\$94
Subcontracted	\$1,291	\$59	\$23



# Using sheep is more efficient and cost effective than using landscaping services



**“Utilizing sheep for site vegetation management required a total of 139 hours including travel time, resulting in 2.5 times fewer labor hours than traditional vegetation management (mowing and string trimming) on site.”**

# Value added income potential:

## ACTIVE:

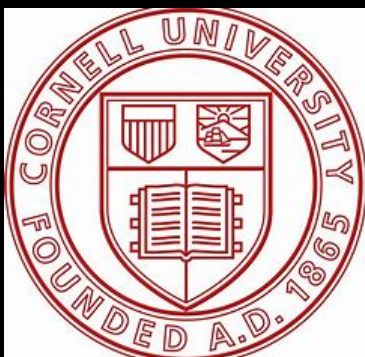
- Bare Ranch, California: [Climate friendly wool](#)
- North Face: [Threads With Benefits](#)
- [Sun Raised Foods](#): meats by mail order all grazed in North Carolina
- Honey products

California Fibershed has 2 farmers who are solar graziers

[www.youtube.com/watch?v=TdcsWlXOrbs&feature=youtu.be](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TdcsWlXOrbs&feature=youtu.be)







DAVID R. ATKINSON CENTER  
for a Sustainable Future



## PER ACRE, PER YEAR

Per acre income and expense of solar grazing in New York and across the eastern United States.

Eastern United States	Directly contracted	Subcontracted
Income	\$326	\$308
Expenses	\$64	\$64
Net	\$262	\$244

New York State	Directly contracted	Subcontracted
Income	\$555	\$320
Expenses	\$46	\$46
Net	\$509	\$274

Solar grazing: overview

# **TARGETED GRAZING – HOW WE DO IT**





Arrival







Lead to the first paddock





Required for health: Water & Minerals





Regular flock checks, fencing moving, more..







Interior  
paddocks:  
temporary



Interior  
paddocks:  
permanent



# Perimeter Fencing: FERC



Recommended: A tensioned bottom edge meeting the ground  
Typically: 6-7 ft tall, chain link





# Gaps, Wildlife Passages & Repairs...





# Excluding the Inverter Pads









Leading edge of the panel





That's low!  
**Lower panels mean more intense vegetation  
management**







**Sheep benefit from the easy access to protective cover, windbreak & shade**





# Trackers

---





## Trackers: cable trays



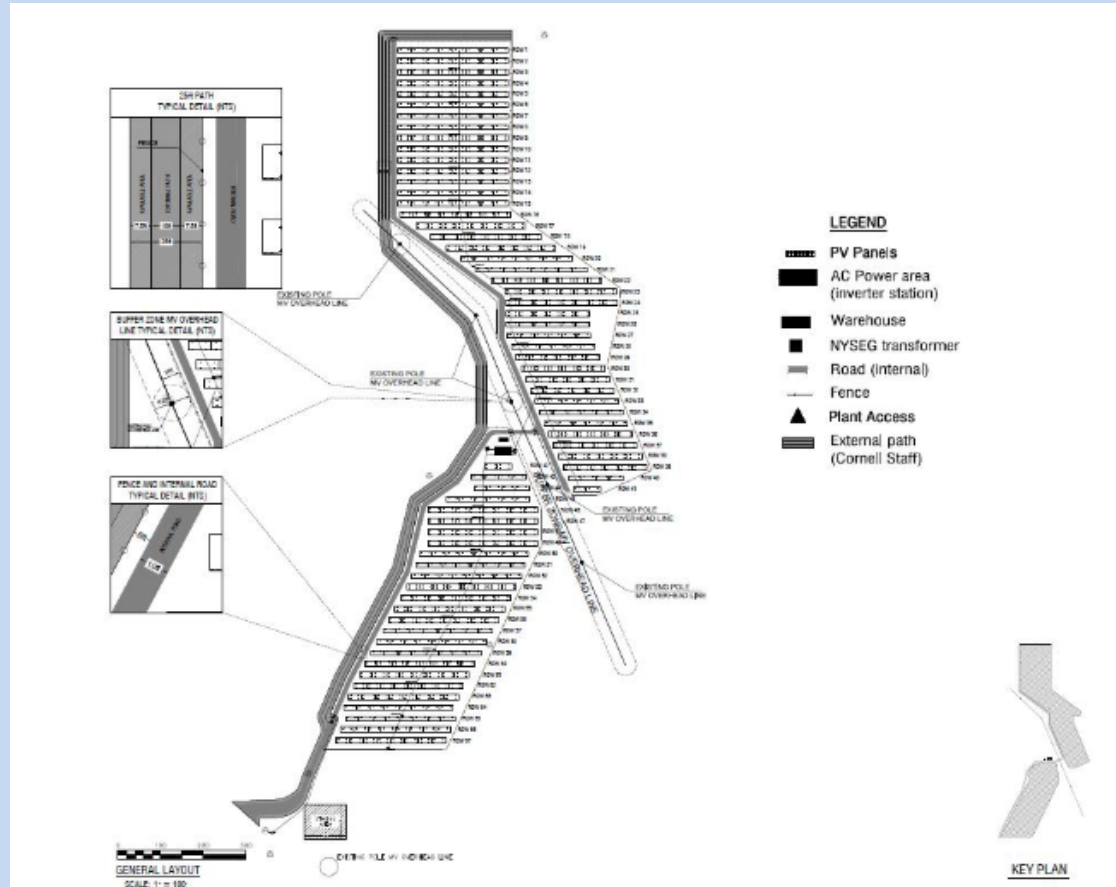
# CAB





# Solar grazing can happen at any scale of ground-mounted solar

**Utility:** 50 acres +  
**Community:** 10 to 50 acres  
**Commercial:** 1 to 25 acres







# Handling the sheep





# Family friendly!





Solar grazing

# **SOLAR SITE COMPLIANCE**



# Signs are needed





# Electrical Contractors





# Assurance of Animal Well Being & compliance with USDA regulations





# Insurance



## CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE

DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)

04/10/2018

THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER.

IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must have ADDITIONAL INSURED provisions or be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

PRODUCER	CONTACT NAME	PHONE	INSURER A
	JAC. No. E	FAX	INSURER B
	ADDRESS		INSURER C
Elmira			INSURER D
INSURED			INSURER E
			INSURER F

COVERAGES CERTIFICATE NUMBER: REVISION NUMBER:

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS.

TYPE OF INSURANCE	ACORD(SUB) NO. (1-100)	POLICY NUMBER	POLICY EFF. DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)	POLICY EXP. DATE (MM/DD/YYYY)	LIMITS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY					EACH OCCURRENCE \$ 1,000,000
<input type="checkbox"/> CLAIMS-MADE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUR					DAMAGE TO RENTED PREMISES (Ea occurrence) \$ 1,000,000
					MED EXP (Any one person) \$ 5,000
					PERSONAL & ADV INJURY \$ 1,000,000
					GENERAL AGGREGATE \$ 2,000,000
					PRODUCTS - COM/OP AGG \$ 2,000,000
					\$
GEN'L AGGREGATE LIMIT APPLIES PER:					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> POLICY <input type="checkbox"/> PROJECT <input type="checkbox"/> LOC					
OTHER:					
AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY					COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT (Ea accident) \$ 1,000,000
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ANY AUTO					BODILY INJURY (Per person) \$
<input type="checkbox"/> OWNED					BODILY INJURY (Per accident) \$
<input type="checkbox"/> AUTOS ONLY					PROPERTY DAMAGE (Per accident) \$
<input type="checkbox"/> HIRED					\$
<input type="checkbox"/> AUTOS ONLY					\$
<input type="checkbox"/> NON-OWNED					
<input type="checkbox"/> AUTOS ONLY					
UMBRELLA LIAB					EACH OCCURR
EXCESS LIAB					AGGREGATE
<input type="checkbox"/> OCCUR <input type="checkbox"/> CLAIMS-MADE					\$
<input type="checkbox"/> DED <input type="checkbox"/> RETEN					
WORKERS COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMP STATUTE <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER
ANY PROPRIETOR/PARTNER/EXECUTIVE OFFICER/MEMBER EXCLUDED? (Mandatory in NH)					E.L. EACH ACCIDENT \$ 1,000,000
If yes, describe under DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below					E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYEE \$ 1,000,000
					E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT \$ 1,000,000

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEHICLES (ACORD 101, Additional Remarks Schedule, may be attached if more space is required)

Cert holder is listed as additional insured  
RE: Cornell Geneva Solar Farm - 3425 Sutton Rd, Geneva, NY 14456

### CERTIFICATE HOLDER

Telemachus Solar LLC, Building Energy Asset Management LLC, Building Energy Development US LLC, Building Energy Holding US LLC

1275 K St NW, Ste 1200, Washington DC, 20005

### CANCELLATION

SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS.

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

3X:

Email:

© 1988-2015 ACORD CORPORATION. All rights reserved.

ACORD 25 (2016/03)

The ACORD name and logo are registered marks of ACORD



# Contract



Available at  
**Solargrazing.org**  
*farmer resources*

## AMERICAN SOLAR GRAZING ASSOCIATION, INC. SHEEP GRAZING AGREEMENT TEMPLATE

### OPTION 1 (Comprehensive Vegetation Management Approach)

*This template was developed by Savannah Bowling and Kasey Brenner, student attorneys at the Food and Beverage Law Clinic, in collaboration with the American Solar Grazing Association, Inc. and Jonathan Barter, Julie Bishop, Ashley Bridge, Lewis Fox, Erica Frenay, Lexie Hain, Niko Loehendoerfer, and Caleb Scott. The Food and Beverage Law Clinic is a part of John Jay Legal Services, Inc., a non-profit legal services organization housed at the Elisabeth Haub School of Law at Pace University. The Food and Beverage Law Clinic represents farmers, food and beverage entrepreneurs, and non-profit organizations seeking to improve our food system. This document does not reflect or constitute legal advice. Your use of this document does not create an attorney-client relationship with the Clinic or any of its lawyers or students.*

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING CONTRACT TEMPLATE:** This contract represents **Sheep Grazing Agreement – Option 1, which is a comprehensive vegetation maintenance approach** whereby the sheep farmer agrees to maintenance of all vegetation, regardless of whether it is vegetation that sheep typically eat or do not eat. This obligation means that in the event that the sheep do not achieve the vegetation standard set forth in Section 1(b) of the contract, the sheep farmer is responsible for achieving that standard through some other means (for example, through the use of a landscaping service).

**Option 1 v. Option 2:** In contrast, Sheep Grazing Agreement – Option 2 represents a limited vegetation management approach, whereby the sheep farmer agrees to maintenance of only the vegetation that sheep typically eat, defined as “Covered Vegetation” in the contract. Types of vegetation that constitute “Covered Vegetation” are determined by the contracting parties. Similar to Option 1, the obligation under Option 2 means that in the event that the sheep do not achieve the vegetation standard for Covered Vegetation set forth in Section 1(b) of the contract, the sheep farmer is responsible for achieving that standard through some other means (for example, through the use of a landscaping service). The solar site manager is responsible for maintenance of all vegetation that is not Covered Vegetation.

**This contract is a template; it is not a one-size-fits all contract.** All provisions that are **[redlined, italicized, and bracketed]** and all provisions with blank spaces (\_\_\_\_) and/or guidance footnotes should be addressed by the parties, in addition to any other changes the parties may negotiate. Carefully review all attached exhibits (Exhibits A – E). Note that the certificate of liability insurance, attached as Exhibit D, is a sample only; parties to this contract must obtain their own insurance and replace this sample with their respective insurance certificates.

Once the contract is complete, **DELETE** all footnotes throughout the contract. This instructional page is not part of the contract.



Solar Grazing

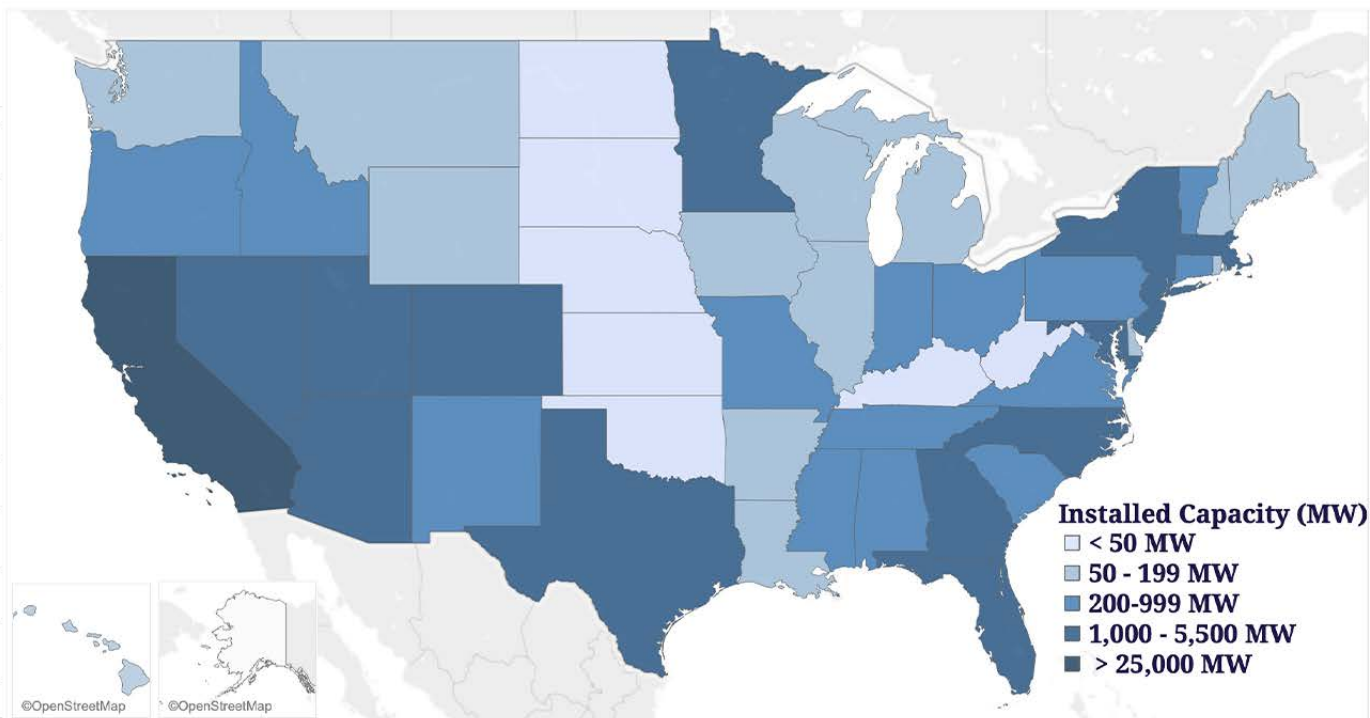
# **CASE STUDIES, TRENDS & & SUPPORTING RESEARCH**



# Where's the solar going?

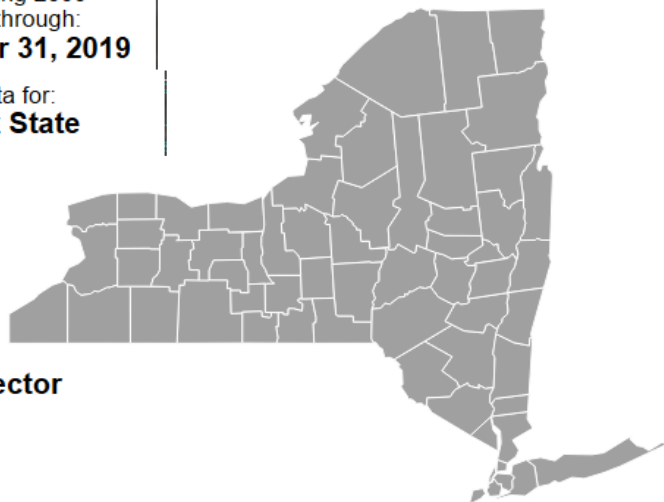
## Top 10 States

<b>California</b>	<b>25,016 MW</b>
<b>North Carolina</b>	<b>5,467 MW</b>
<b>Arizona</b>	<b>3,788 MW</b>
<b>Nevada</b>	<b>3,452 MW</b>
<b>Florida</b>	<b>3,156 MW</b>
<b>Texas</b>	<b>2,957 MW</b>
<b>New Jersey</b>	<b>2,829 MW</b>
<b>Massachusetts</b>	<b>2,535 MW</b>
<b>New York</b>	<b>1,718 MW</b>
<b>Utah</b>	<b>1,661 MW</b>
<b>Georgia</b>	<b>1,572 MW</b>



Data beginning 2000  
and current through:  
**December 31, 2019**

Showing Data for:  
**New York State**

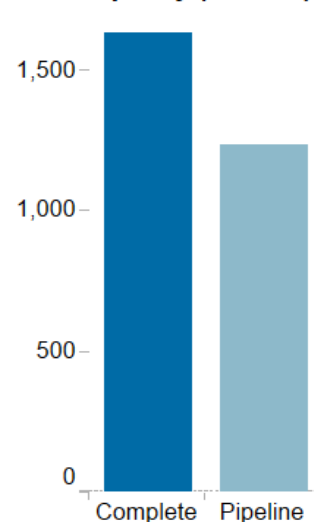


openStreetMap

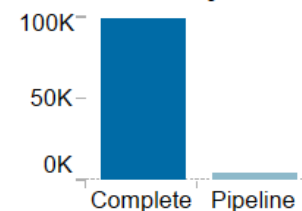
### Project Sector

All

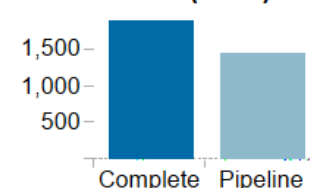
### Total Capacity (MW DC)



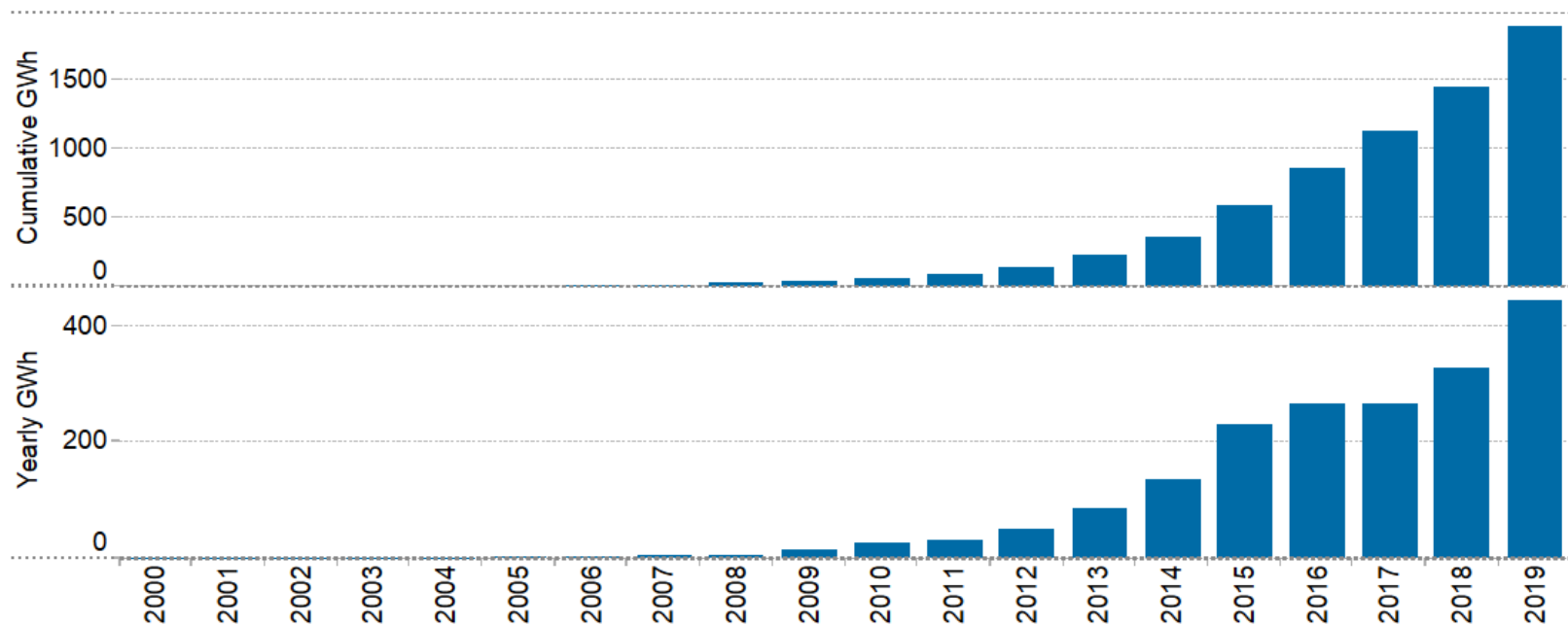
### Number of Projects



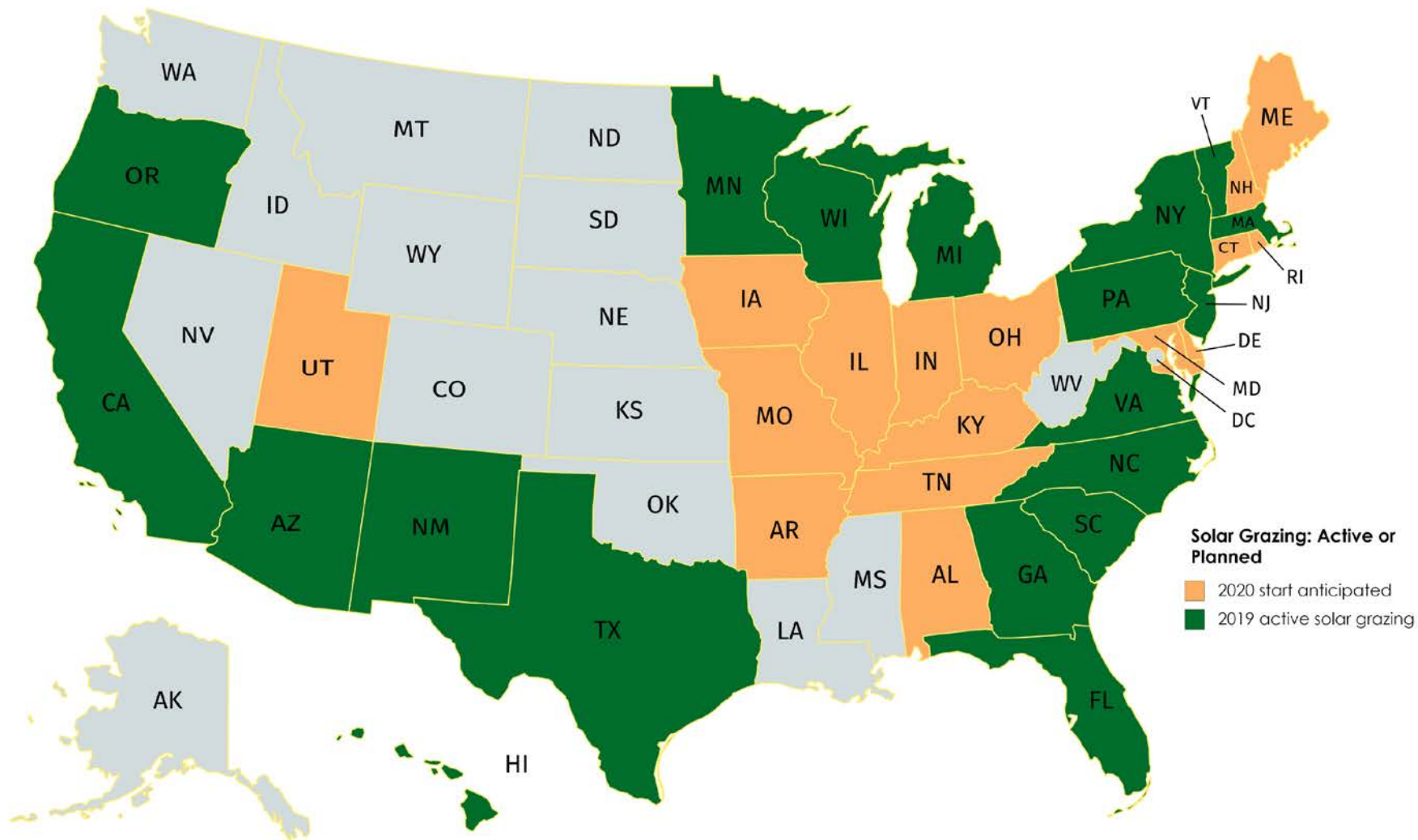
### Expected Annual Production (GWh)



### Annual Trends (Completed Projects Only) Expected Annual Production









**COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS**

*Charles D. Baker, Governor*

*Karyn E. Polito, Lt. Governor*

*Matthew A. Beaton, Secretary*

*Judith Judson, Commissioner*

Rhode Island College,  
Providence, RI

November 15, 2017

**Land Use Policy in Massachusetts Solar  
Incentive Programs**

**Kaitlin Kelly**

**Renewable Energy Program Coordinator**

Location Based Adders	
Type	Adder Value (\$/kWh)
Agricultural	\$0.06
Building Mounted	\$0.02
Brownfield	\$0.03
Floating Solar	\$0.03
Landfill	\$0.04
Solar Canopy	\$0.06



# Solar Grazing Business Models

## A. Independent contractor

1. FARMER Led: Farmer contracts with solar O & M asset manager, or network of farmers contract for the same service. Includes farmer-landowner-shepherds.
2. LANDSCAPER Led: Landscape Contractor uses sheep as a tool

B. SOLAR COMPANY Led: Solar company starts internal O & M, uses sheep, hires shepherd.

## 200 Acres in Eastern Ontario grazed for EDF Renewables

Shady Creek Lamb Co



A1



Frank Iturriria



Topaz Solar Farm  
3400 Acres  
550 MW

A1







**A + Environmental Restoration**  
Ecological Services Firm  
Florida Based: TECO & FP&L  
Grazing over 1200 acres May 2019



A2





- maintains vegetation & washes panels
- Texas & NM
- each site grazed 3 times/year
- 300 acres grazed, 1600 acres total managed
- sheep spend 30/40 days on a site then are moved to the next location
- buttons/switches that sheep can accidentally press- one design issue
- emus as guardian animals
- Johnson grass, Bermuda grass, native grass, coastal grass & clover for cool season
- growing sheep operation to 1500 ewes

A2

## Sun Raised Farms, North Carolina

Thousands of acres undermanagement  
Tanje Olsen & Joel Olsen



### BACKGROUND

The Montgomery Solar Farm began in 2013 when Biscoe resident Bobby Myrick connected O2 emc with CJ Reynolds. Reynolds was interested in converting the former Tobacco Stick Hunting Preserve into a solar farm without losing its agricultural function. In 2015, 120 acres of the property were converted to a 20 Megawatt AC solar farm, with about 60 acres "under glass." Each year, the solar farm will generate over 40,000 megawatt-hours of clean electricity during times of peak demand. This is equivalent to the amount of electricity that 3,500 average American homes consume annually. Sheep graze the land under the panels during warmer months to maintain the site, demonstrating the land's dual use.

...ed work for over 300 individuals and over 20 contractors and sub-contractors. County Commission.



Michael Baute  
Director of Regenerative Energy  
[Michael.baute@siliconranch.com](mailto:Michael.baute@siliconranch.com)  
629-202-4028



- Grazing 1 site in Colorado for the second year
- Large network expansion plans
- Focus on soil health & carbon sequestration
- Partner with area farmers & landowners.



- La Jacinta, Uruguay
- 500 + acre 65 MW



Invenergy





## SERVICES

- Grazing livestock management
- Site assessment for viability of grazing
- Forage seeding assessments and recommendations
- Site improvements for livestock

## SERVICES

- 400 acres grazed
- 360 sheep managed
- Founded 2014
- North Carolina based



“We are proud to provide a vegetation management solution that enables electricity to be generated on the same land where sheep are raised.”  
-Brock Phillips  
Director of Livestock Service

Solar grazing

# **TOOLS FOR MANAGING VEGETATION: OR, HOW IT'S DIFFERENT FROM A REGULAR PASTURE**



# Achieving solar pastures

## Seed Mix & Planting Plan

- cover crops & nurse crops
- low impact seeding strategies
- goal: permanent pasture

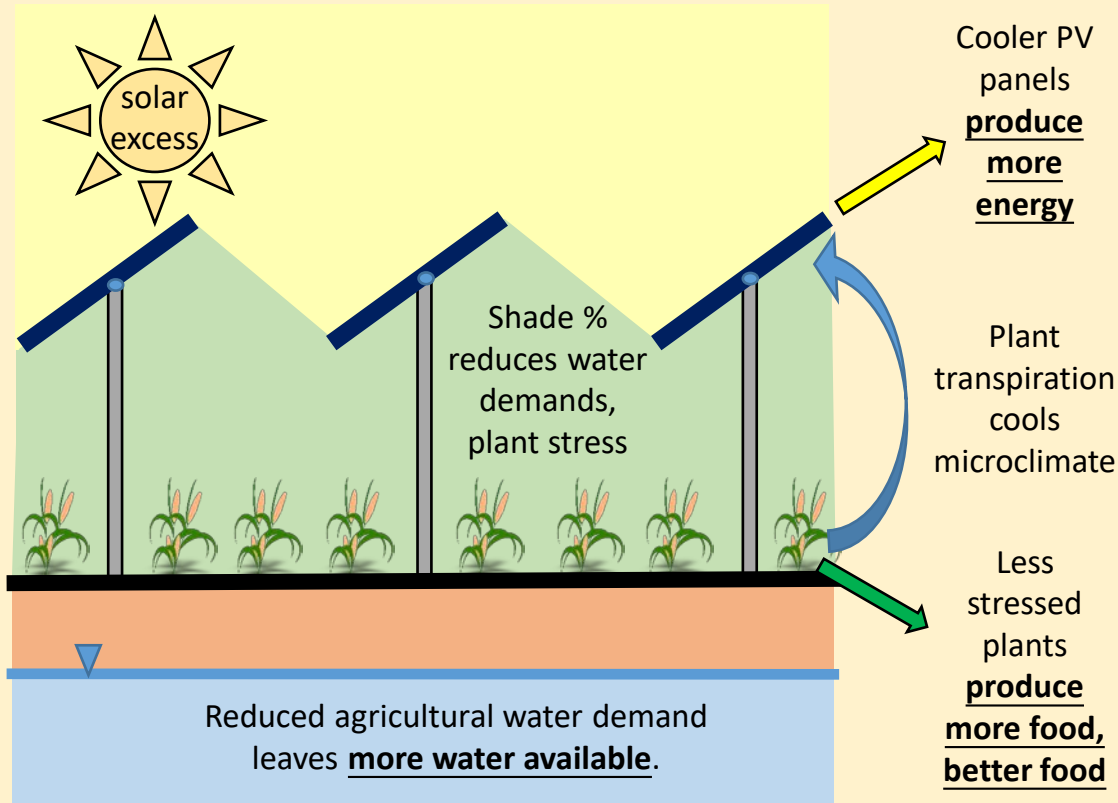
## Fuzz and Buzz



## Factors:

- spacing between panels
- panel height
- panel movement
- Blue Wave's dual use shading analysis tool video

# Oregon State's Dual Use Results



- Solar panels led to an 300%+ increase in the water use efficiency of the cropping system
- Solar panels led to a 90% increase in biomass production of the cropping system
- Solar panels are projected to be more productive when placed over cropping systems





<https://openel.org/wiki/InSPIRE/Guidebook>

# **Low-Impact Development Strategies**

**Agricultural Co-Location**

**Agricultural O&M  
Considerations**

**NATIONAL RENEWABLE  
ENERGY LAB (NREL)**

**INSPIRE PROJECT**

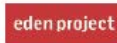


# Resources for successful co-location: case studies in the UK

bre

[www.bre.co.uk/nsc](http://www.bre.co.uk/nsc)

## BRE National Solar Centre Biodiversity Guidance for Solar Developments



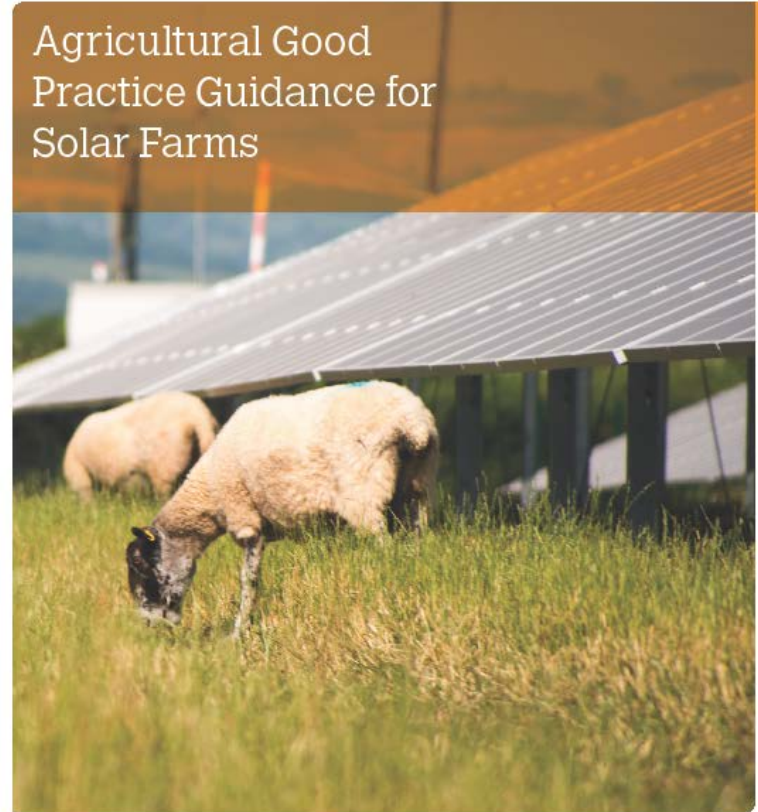
EUROPEAN UNION  
Investing in Your Future  
Creative Regional  
Development Fund 2007-2012

BRE  
NATIONAL  
SOLAR  
CENTRE

bre

[www.bre.co.uk/nsc](http://www.bre.co.uk/nsc)

## Agricultural Good Practice Guidance for Solar Farms



EUROPEAN UNION  
Investing in Your Future  
Creative Regional  
Development Fund 2007-2012

BRE  
NATIONAL  
SOLAR  
CENTRE



a necessary part of the planning process

# **PRESCRIBED GRAZING PLAN FOR SOLAR ARRAYS**

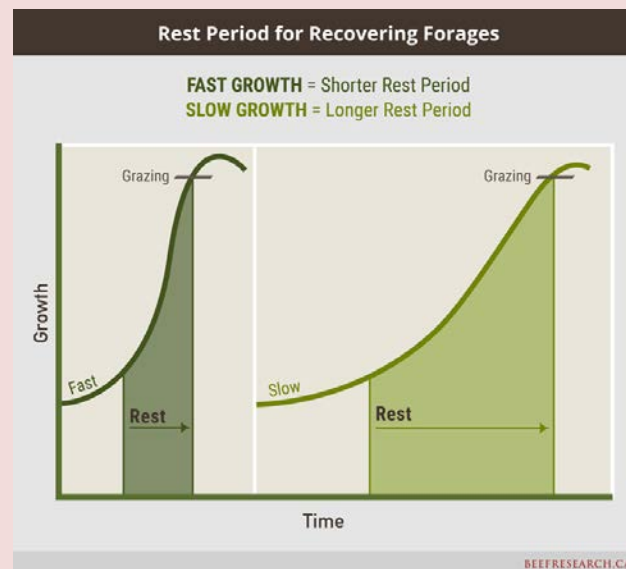
# Prescribed Grazing Plan:

Plan to: Manage the harvest of vegetation with grazing animals

USDA

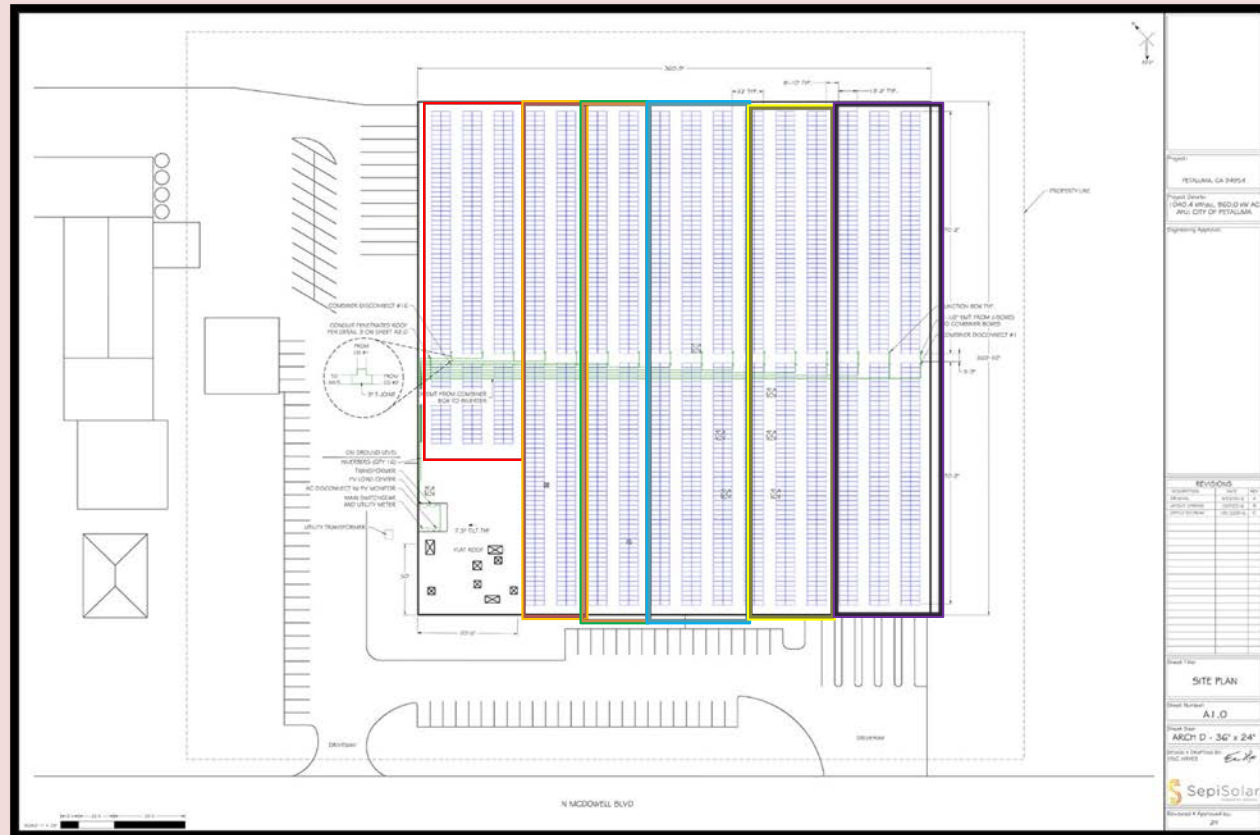
Includes:

- Goals
- Resource inventory
- Fencing
- Water / water systems
- Predator control
- Maps, charts
- Will be specific to each solar site





# Prescribed Grazing Plan



- **X** sheep per paddock
- **Y** days per paddock
- **Z** total sheep for solar site

- Section 1 (x acres) 5 individually, permanently fenced arrays 10 grazing paddocks
- Section 2 (x acres) 5 individually, permanently fenced arrays 15 grazing paddocks
- Section 3 (x acres) 6 individually, permanently fenced arrays 15 grazing paddocks
- Section 4 (x acres) 6 individually, permanently fenced arrays 15 grazing paddocks
- Section 5 (x acres) 6 individually, permanently fenced arrays 15 grazing paddocks

Solar grazing: natural compliments

# **SHEEP, BEES & POLLINATORS**



Co-location of bees & sheep done as an afterthought in many locations





# Commercial bee yard

## State by state: Pollinator scorecards Pollinator friendly solar checklists



## Michigan Pollinator Habitat Planning Scorecard for Solar Sites

This form was developed by the MSU Department of Entomology to guide vegetation management at solar installations to make them more supportive for native pollinators. Check the boxes and add up the points to determine whether the plans meet or exceed the minimum requirements. For more local information on pollinators and habitat: [www.pollinators.msu.edu](http://www.pollinators.msu.edu)

### PROJECT DETAILS

Solar developer: \_\_\_\_\_

Vegetation consultant: \_\_\_\_\_

Project location: \_\_\_\_\_

Project size (acres): \_\_\_\_\_

### FLOWERING PLANT SCORES

5. FLOWERING PLANT SPECIES SEEDING IN PERIMETER AREA (species with more than 1% cover)
- |  |         |
|--|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5-10 species  | +1 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 10-15 species | +3 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 16-20 species | +8 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> >20 species   | +10 pts |

*Exclude invasive plant species from total*

### SITE SCORES

#### 1. SITE PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT

- |  |         |
|--|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Detailed plant establishment and vegetation management plan developed           | +10 pts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Site plan developed with a vegetation management company                        | +5 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Signage legible at forty or more feet stating pollinator friendly solar habitat | +3 pts  |

#### 2. HABITAT SITE PREPARATION PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION

- |   |         |
|---|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measures taken to control weeds during season prior to seeding | +10 pts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> No weed control  | -20 pts |

#### 3. INSECTICIDE RISK

- |   |         |
|---|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Planned on-site use of insecticide or pre-planting seed/plant treatment (excluding buildings/electrical boxes, etc)                        | -40 pts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communication with local chemical applicators and site registered on <a href="https://mi.dnrwatch.org/map">https://mi.dnrwatch.org/map</a> | +20 pts |

#### 4. AVAILABLE HABITAT COMPONENTS WITHIN 0.25 MILES (check/add all that apply)

- |  |       |
|--|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Native bunch grass for bee nesting    | +1 pt |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Open sandy soil areas for bee nesting | +1 pt |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Trees/shrubs for bee nesting          | +1 pt |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Clean, perennial water sources        | +1 pt |

#### 6. PLANT DIVERSITY UNDER SOLAR ARRAY\*

- |   |         |
|---|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grass only                 | +2 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Clover/grass mix           | +8 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Low-growing wildflower mix | +10 pts |

#### 7. PERCENT OF SITE PLANNED TO BE DOMINATED BY WILDFLOWERS\*\*

- |  |         |
|--|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0 - 25%       | 0 pts   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 26 - 50 %     | +3 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 51-75 %       | +8 pts  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> More than 75% | +15 pts |

*Projects may have different species mixes under the solar array panels and in the perimeter. Flower cover should be averaged across the entire site.*

#### 8. SEEDS USED FOR WILDFLOWER AREAS

- |  |        |
|--|--------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mixes are seeded using at least 40 seeds/square foot                | +5 pts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> All wildflower seeds are from a source within 150 miles of the site | +5 pts |

#### 9. SEASONS WITH AT LEAST THREE BLOOMING FORB SPECIES PRESENT (check all that apply)

- |   |        |
|---|--------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Spring (April-May)       | +5 pts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Summer (June-August)     | +5 pts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fall (September-October) | +5 pts |

\* For seeding in the panel array, these can be a short-stature wildflower mix or clovers and other non-native species beneficial to pollinators. If clovers are used, these should be seeded in locations separate from the native wildflowers in the perimeter locations.

\*\* Wildflowers in Question 7 refer to forbs which are flowering plants that are not woody, and are not grasses, sedges, etc. Measurements of percent cover should be based on the percent of the ground surface covered by foliage as viewed from above.

Refer to [www.nativeplants.msu.edu](http://www.nativeplants.msu.edu) or a local native wildflower supplier for advice on plants that are attractive to pollinators and will work in various Michigan settings.

For more on pollinator habitat: [www.pollinators.msu.edu](http://www.pollinators.msu.edu)

Total points:



Provides exceptional habitat 90+ points

Meets pollinator standards 76 - 89 points

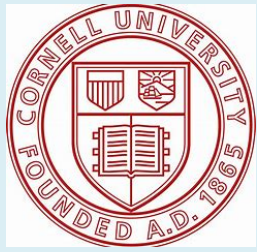
Does not meet standards below 75 points



MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY

Extension





## **NEW STUDY:**

### **Cornell's Atkinson Center for a Sustainable Future**

**Grazing Sheep on Solar Array Sites to Optimize Pollinator Plant Species  
and Sequester Soil Carbon**

**Principal investigator (PI):** Michael L. Thonney

**Co-investigators:** Scott McArt, Johannes Lehmann

**Start and duration:** July 2019, lasting **36 months**

**Keywords:** Solar Grazing, Carbon Sequestration, Pollinator Habitat



Not just mowing costs versus grazing costs...

# **FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES**



### How using solar grazing connects to Finance & Insurance:

Insurers covering ground mounts factor the above risks into their calculations when determining premiums charged to PV array operators. By establishing grazing as the method for managing vegetation, operators eliminate these risks. This may allow insurers to reduce premium charges. By offering a reduced insurance premium cost for those firms maintaining vegetation with sheep, an insurer can be more competitive on price and gain a larger share of the growing PV ground mount market.

# OPPORTUNITY TO SHIFT THE TAX FRAMEWORK



## Department of Assessment

128 East Buffalo Street

Jay Franklin  
Director

*Inclusion through Diversity*

Irene Kehoe  
Assistant Director

### Solar and Agricultural Land Exemptions

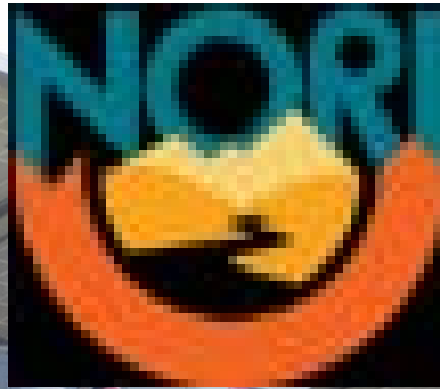
The memo is meant to act as a guide as it related to certain topics involving large scale solar development and how that interacts with the Agricultural Land Exemption. This is not meant to answer all questions related to this topic. Also, changes in how the current law is interpreted or any legislative changes to the law might change the points in this memo. And this is only applicable in Tompkins County.

- Land that previous had an agricultural land exemption on it would be subject to the roll back conversion penalty if that land that benefitted from the exemption were to be developed for large scale solar.
  - If there were a continued agricultural use on this property, such as the use of sheep to manage the grass/weed growth, the roll back conversion penalty would not apply.
- Land that is converted to a large scale solar development would lose the agricultural exemption on future assessment rolls.
  - However, if the land were to continue in agricultural use, such as the use of sheep to manage the grass/weed growth, the exemption could still be applied for any if the operation meets the other requirements of the exemption, an agricultural exemption could be granted on the land itself.

Mail Address:  
128 East Buffalo Street  
Ithaca, New York 14850  
<http://www.tompkins-co.org/assessment/>

Tel: 607-274-5517  
Fax: 607-274-5507  
[assessment@tompkins-co.org](mailto:assessment@tompkins-co.org)

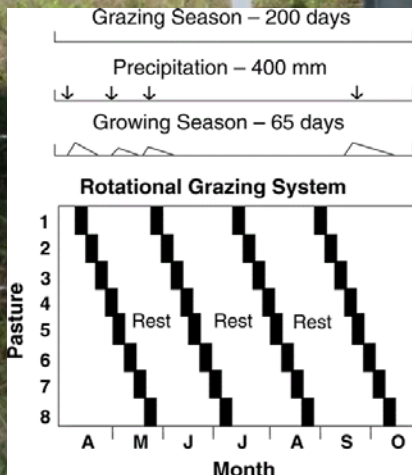




**Nori makes it easy for farmers to get paid for storing carbon in soil.**



**Grazing Sheep on Solar Array Sites to Boost Pollinator Habitat and Sequester Soil Carbon**  
<https://solargrazing.org/grazing-sheep-pollinators-carbon/>



**Amazing Carbon, Dr Christine Jones**

<https://www.amazingcarbon.com/>

# Questions & Answers



# ASGA

[www.solargrazing.org](http://www.solargrazing.org)