

11-27-18

Aim: SWBAT continue to simplify radical expressions.

HW: Finish Classwork (Packet Pages 10 and 12)

(compare to answer key online)

Quiz tomorrow ( Pages 1 - 13)

Do Now: Packet Page 11

## Homework - Simplifying Radical Expressions

List the first 15 perfect squares starting with 1.

1 4 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100  
121 144 169 196 225

Simplify each radical expression. Justify your answer.

1)  $\sqrt{63}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{9 \cdot 7} \\ &\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{7} \\ &3\sqrt{7} \end{aligned}$$

2)  $\sqrt{99}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{9 \cdot 11} \\ &\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{11} \\ &3\sqrt{11} \end{aligned}$$

3)  $3\sqrt{99}$

$$\begin{aligned} &3 \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 11} \\ &3 \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{11} \\ &3 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{11} \\ &9\sqrt{11} \end{aligned}$$

4)  $\sqrt{108}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{36 \cdot 3} \\ &\sqrt{36} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &6\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

5)  $\sqrt{242}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{121 \cdot 2} \\ &\sqrt{121} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &11\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

6)  $\sqrt{128}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{64 \cdot 2} \\ &\sqrt{64} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &8\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

7)  $5\sqrt{18}$

$$\begin{aligned} &5 \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 2} \\ &5 \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &5 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &15\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

8)  $3\sqrt{8}$

$$\begin{aligned} &3 \cdot \sqrt{4 \cdot 2} \\ &3 \cdot \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &3 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &6\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

9)  $4\sqrt{200}$

$$\begin{aligned} &4 \cdot \sqrt{100 \cdot 2} \\ &4 \cdot \sqrt{100} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &4 \cdot 10 \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &40\sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

10)  $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{12}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{2}{3} \cdot \sqrt{4 \cdot 3} \\ &\frac{2}{3} \cdot \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4}{3}\sqrt{3} \text{ or } \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

11)  $\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{18}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{3} \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 2} \\ &\frac{1}{3} \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ &\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{2}$$

12)  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{20}$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} \\ &\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{5} \\ &\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

Aim: SWBAT Simplify Square Roots

Do Now:

Write each expression in simplest radical form.

1)  $5\sqrt{90}$       2)  $\sqrt{180}$       3)  $\frac{3}{4}\sqrt{96}$       4)  $\sqrt{800}$

$15\sqrt{10}$        $6\sqrt{5}$        $3\sqrt{6}$        $20\sqrt{2}$

*Handwritten work for problem 4:  $\sqrt{400 \cdot 2}$ ,  $\sqrt{400} \cdot \sqrt{2}$ ,  $20\sqrt{2}$*

Identify each number as RATIONAL or IRRATIONAL.

- 5)  $\pi$  Irrational      6)  $\sqrt{18}$  Irrational  
 7) 0.47 Rational      8)  $0.\overline{42}$  Rational  
 9) 0.181181118... Irrational      10)  $\frac{3}{7}$  Rational

State ALL of the sets of numbers that each of the following belongs to.

- 11) 0 whole, integer, rational, real  
 12)  $-\frac{6}{11}$  rational, real  
 13) 0.5678... irrational, real  
 14)  $\frac{24}{6}$  natural (counting), whole, integer, rational, real

Answer each question with...

ALWAYS      SOMETIMES      NEVER

- 15) Counting Numbers are Whole Numbers.       A      S      N  
 16) Rational Numbers are Irrational      A      S       N  
 17) Integers are Whole Numbers      A       S      N  
 18) Rational Numbers are Real Numbers       A      S      N

AIM: SWBAT simplify radical expressions.

**DO NOW:**

List the first 15 Perfect Square.

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100, 121, 144, 169, 196, 225

When is a square root in simplest form?

When its radicand **DOES NOT** contain any perfect square factors other than 1.

the # inside the  $\sqrt{\quad}$

There are two ways to simplify a radical expression:

**Method 1:** Find the largest perfect square that is a factor of that number.

Example:  $\sqrt{20}$       $\sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$       $\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5}$   
 $\sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}$       $2 \cdot \sqrt{5}$   
 $2\sqrt{5}$

1)  $\sqrt{75}$

$\sqrt{25 \cdot 3}$   
 $\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{3}$   
 $5 \cdot \sqrt{3}$   
 $5\sqrt{3}$

2)  $\sqrt{24}$

$\sqrt{4 \cdot 6}$   
 $\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{6}$   
 $2 \cdot \sqrt{6}$   
 $2\sqrt{6}$

3)  $\sqrt{200}$

$\sqrt{100 \cdot 2}$   
 $\sqrt{100} \cdot \sqrt{2}$   
 $10\sqrt{2}$

4)  $4\sqrt{27}$

$4 \cdot \sqrt{27}$   
 $4 \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 3}$   
 $4 \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{3}$   
 $4 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{3}$   
 $12\sqrt{3}$

5)  $\sqrt{50}$

$\sqrt{25 \cdot 2}$   
 $\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{2}$   
 $5\sqrt{2}$

6)  $3\sqrt{63}$

$3 \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 7}$   
 $3 \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{7}$   
 $3 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{7}$   
 $9\sqrt{7}$

7)  $\sqrt{50y^2}$

$\sqrt{50} \cdot \sqrt{y^2}$   
 $\sqrt{25 \cdot 2} \cdot y$   
 $\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot y$   
 $5 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot y$   
 $5\sqrt{2}y$

8)  $4\sqrt{45}$

$4 \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 5}$   
 $4 \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{5}$   
 $4 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{5}$   
 $12\sqrt{5}$

Method 2: Use its **prime factorization** to find all the perfect squares.

Example:  $\sqrt{20} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 5} = 2\sqrt{5}$

9)  $\sqrt{75}$

$\sqrt{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5}$   
 $\sqrt{3 \cdot 5^2}$   
 $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{5^2}$   
 $\sqrt{3} \cdot 5$   
 $5\sqrt{3}$

10)  $\sqrt{24}$

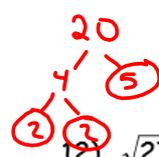
$\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}$   
 $2\sqrt{6}$

11)  $\sqrt{200}$

$\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5}$   
 $2 \cdot 5 \cdot \sqrt{2}$   
 $10\sqrt{2}$

12)  $\sqrt{27}$

$\sqrt{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3}$   
 $3\sqrt{3}$



**Homework - Simplifying Radical Expressions**

List the first 15 perfect squares.

\_\_\_\_\_

**Simplify. You may use either method.**

1)  $\sqrt{8}$

2)  $\sqrt{12}$

3)  $\sqrt{18}$

4)  $\sqrt{32}$

5)  $\sqrt{40}$

6)  $\sqrt{48}$

7)  $\sqrt{45}$

8)  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{20}$

9)  $\sqrt{28}$

10)  $\sqrt{72}$

11)  $\sqrt{54}$

12)  $\sqrt{80}$

13)  $\sqrt{63}$

14)  $\sqrt{90}$

15)  $\sqrt{99}$

16)  $\sqrt{108}$

17)  $\sqrt{242}$

18)  $\sqrt{128}$

19)  $5\sqrt{18}$

20)  $3\sqrt{8}$

21)  $4\sqrt{200}$

22)  $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{12}$

23)  $\sqrt{18x^2}$

24)  $\sqrt{20y^4}$

Homework - Simplifying Radical Expressions

List the first 15 perfect squares.

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100, 121, 144, 169, 196, 225

Simplify. You may use either method.

1)  $\sqrt{8}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $2\sqrt{2}$

2)  $\sqrt{12}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 3}}{\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{3}}$   
 $2\sqrt{3}$

3)  $\sqrt{18}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $3\sqrt{2}$

4)  $\sqrt{32}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{16 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $4\sqrt{2}$

5)  $\sqrt{40}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 10}}{\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{10}}$   
 $2\sqrt{10}$

6)  $\sqrt{48}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{16 \cdot 3}}{\sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{3}}$   
 $4\sqrt{3}$

7)  $\sqrt{45}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 5}}{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{5}}$   
 $3\sqrt{5}$

8)  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{20}$   
 $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 5}}{\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5}}$   
 $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{5}$

9)  $\sqrt{28}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 7}}{\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{7}}$   
 $2\sqrt{7}$

10)  $\sqrt{72}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{36 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{36} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $6\sqrt{2}$

11)  $\sqrt{54}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 6}}{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{6}}$   
 $3\sqrt{6}$

12)  $\sqrt{80}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{16 \cdot 5}}{\sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{5}}$   
 $4\sqrt{5}$

13)  $\sqrt{63}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 7}}{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{7}}$   
 $3\sqrt{7}$

14)  $\sqrt{90}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 10}}{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{10}}$   
 $3\sqrt{10}$

15)  $\sqrt{99}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 11}}{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{11}}$   
 $3\sqrt{11}$

16)  $\sqrt{108}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{36 \cdot 3}}{\sqrt{36} \cdot \sqrt{3}}$   
 $6\sqrt{3}$

17)  $\sqrt{242}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{121 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{121} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $11\sqrt{2}$

18)  $\sqrt{128}$   
 $\frac{\sqrt{64 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{64} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $8\sqrt{2}$

19)  $5\sqrt{18}$   
 $5 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $5 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{2}$   
 $15\sqrt{2}$

20)  $3\sqrt{8}$   
 $3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $3 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{2}$   
 $6\sqrt{2}$

21)  $4\sqrt{200}$   
 $4 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{100 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{100} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$   
 $4 \cdot 10 \cdot \sqrt{2}$   
 $40\sqrt{2}$

22)  $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{12}$   
 $\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 3}}{\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{3}}$   
 $\frac{2}{3} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3}$   
 $\frac{4}{3}\sqrt{3}$

23)  $\sqrt{18x^2}$   
 $\sqrt{9 \cdot 2 \cdot x^2}$   
 $3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot x$   
 $3x\sqrt{2}$

24)  $\sqrt{20y^4}$   
 $\sqrt{4 \cdot 5 \cdot y^2 \cdot y^2}$   
 $\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{y^2} \cdot \sqrt{y^2}$   
 $2 \cdot \sqrt{5} \cdot y \cdot y$   
 $2y^2\sqrt{5}$

OR  
 $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$

A square root is in simplest form when the radicand does not contain any perfect square factors other than one. To simplify a radical expression, find the largest perfect square that is a factor of that number.

1)  $\sqrt{80}$

2)  $\sqrt{200}$

3)  $7\sqrt{20}$

4)  $\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{27}$

Practice:

1)  $\sqrt{28}$

2)  $\frac{\sqrt{18}}{6}$

3)  $\sqrt{x^4}$

4)  $\sqrt{x^3}$

5)  $\sqrt{75}$

6)  $\sqrt{24}$

7)  $\sqrt{242}$

8)  $4\sqrt{27}$

A square root is in simplest form when the radicand does not contain any perfect square factors other than one. To simplify a radical expression, find the largest perfect square that is a factor of that number.

$$1) \sqrt{80}$$

$$\sqrt{16 \cdot 5}$$

$$\sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{5}$$

$$4\sqrt{5}$$

$$2) \sqrt{200}$$

$$\sqrt{100 \cdot 2}$$

$$\sqrt{100} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$10\sqrt{2}$$

$$3) 7\sqrt{20}$$

$$7 \cdot \sqrt{4 \cdot 5}$$

$$7 \cdot \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5}$$

$$7 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{5}$$

$$14\sqrt{5}$$

$$4) \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 3}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3} \text{ OR } \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

Practice:

$$1) \sqrt{28}$$

$$\sqrt{4 \cdot 7}$$

$$\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{7}$$

$$2\sqrt{7}$$

$$2) \frac{\sqrt{18}}{6}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{9 \cdot 2}}{6}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2}}{6}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{3 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{6}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$3) \sqrt{x^4}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 \cdot x^2}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} \cdot \sqrt{x^2}$$

$$x \cdot x$$

$$x^2$$

$$4) \sqrt{x^3}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 \cdot x}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} \cdot \sqrt{x}$$

$$x\sqrt{x}$$

$$5) \sqrt{75}$$

$$\sqrt{25 \cdot 3}$$

$$\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$5\sqrt{3}$$

$$6) \sqrt{24}$$

$$\sqrt{4 \cdot 6}$$

$$\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{6}$$

$$2\sqrt{6}$$

$$7) \sqrt{242}$$

$$\sqrt{121 \cdot 2}$$

$$\sqrt{121} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$11\sqrt{2}$$

$$8) 4\sqrt{27}$$

$$4 \cdot \sqrt{9 \cdot 3}$$

$$4 \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$4 \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$12\sqrt{3}$$